

HB12-1002	Tuesday, May 8 2012 CONSIDERATION OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE (1) in house calendar.	CONCERNING THE RULES OF STATE AGENCIES APPLICABLE TO APPLICATIONS FOR PERMITS.	SONNENBERG / JAHN	The bill creates the "CLEAR Act", which stands for "Creating Level Expectations For Application Review". The bill amends the "State Administrative Procedure Act" (APA) to state that the rules of a state agency in effect on the date that a person applies for a new or renewed permit govern the application for a new permit or for renewal of the permit. If the statutes governing the agency's permit process and the requirements to qualify for a permit have changed and the agency has not yet adopted revisions to the rules to implement the new statute as of the date that a person applies for a new or renewed permit, the agency must grandfather in the application under the rules in effect on the date of the application, unless the agency determines in writing that the statutory changes materially affect the health and safety of the public and that use of the existing, unrevised rules is likely to result in an unsafe situation if the applicant does not comply with the new statutory requirements and with new rules. If the agency makes this determination, the agency must treat the application as pending, provide a written notice to the person that states the reasons the application is incomplete, and give the person a reasonable opportunity to comply with all new lawful requirements. The bill defines "permit" as a grant of authority by an agency that authorizes the holder of the permit to do some act not forbidden by law but not allowed to be performed without such authority. "Permit" does not include a professional license issued by a licensing board or agency to conduct a profession or occupation.	05/08/2012 House Consideration of First Conference Committee Report result was to Adopt Committee Report - Repass
HB12-1003	NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE AUTHORIZATION OF THE USE OF GRAYWATER.	FISCHER / NICHOLSON	Except in connection with individual septic systems, current law is unclear regarding whether, and under what conditions, graywater may be used. Section 1 of the bill declares the importance of water conservation to the economy of Colorado and the well-being of its citizens. Section 2 defines "graywater" as wastewater from sources other than toilets, urinals, kitchen sinks, nonlaundry utility sinks, and dishwashers collected within a residential, commercial, or industrial building that meets certain standards established by the water quality control commission. Section 3 authorizes the commission to adopt a control regulation establishing use standards and specifies that: Graywater may be applied only to uses that are allowed by the water sources' well permits and water rights; and, if so used, the use of the graywater is deemed to not cause injury. Graywater can be used only if the commission has adopted a control regulation and a local government authorizes the use. The local government has exclusive enforcement authority regarding compliance with the commission's control regulation. Section 5 allows counties to authorize graywater use, and section 6 allows municipalities to authorize graywater use. Section 4 repeals an obsolete provision authorizing local boards of health to adopt rules regarding graywater use with individual septic systems.	02/01/2012 House Committee on State, Veterans, & Military Affairs Postpone Indefinitely
HB12-1004	NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING REQUIRING LOCAL BUILDING CODES TO ALLOW THE USE OF LUMBER MILLED FROM CERTAIN TREES AS BUILDING FRAMING MATERIAL.	BRADFORD / KING S.	The bill requires county and municipal building codes to allow the use of lumber milled from lodgepole pine and Englemann spruce trees having a grade of "stud" or better as building framing material. County and municipal building codes must also encourage the use of lumber milled from these trees for this purpose.	04/18/2012 House Committee on Agriculture, Livestock, & Natural Resources Postpone Indefinitely
HB12-1005	NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING INVESTMENT OF PUBLIC FUNDS.	PABON / HARVEY	The bill clarifies that it is legal to invest public funds in any nonsubordinated corporate or bank security that:	03/07/2012 Governor Action - Signed

					<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Is denominated in United States dollars; * Matures within 3 years from the date of settlement; * At the time of purchase carries at least 2 credit ratings from any of the nationally recognized statistical rating organizations; and * Is not rated below "A1, P1, or F1" or their equivalents by either rating if the security is a money market instrument such as commercial paper or bankers' acceptance or is not rated below "AA- or Aa3" or their equivalents by either rating if the security is any other kind of security. The bill also prohibits the investment of public funds in a subordinated security issued by or guaranteed by one of several specified federally created and controlled entities. 	
HB12-1010		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE REISSUANCE OF A LOST SHARE CERTIFICATE OF A MUTUAL DITCH COMPANY.	BAUMGARDNER / GIRON	Water Resources Review Committee. If a person loses a mutual ditch share certificate, the person may file with the mutual ditch company a request for reissuance of the certificate, but current law requires the company to wait for 3 years before issuing a replacement certificate. The bill eliminates the 3-year period and specifies that a person who is named in the books of the company as a lienholder on the lost certificate is also entitled to file a request for reissuance of a lost certificate.	03/15/2012 Governor Action - Signed
HB12-1015		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE PROCEDURE FOR THE REVIEW OF A PROPOSAL TO REGULATE AN UNREGULATED PROFESSION OR OCCUPATION.	HOLBERT / NEVILLE	<p>Under current law, persons proposing the regulation of a currently unregulated professional or occupational group must submit the proposal to the department of regulatory agencies (department), and the department normally must conduct a sunrise review and analysis of, and issue a sunrise report and recommendations on, the proposed regulation within 120 days after the proposal was submitted. However, the department need not conduct a sunrise review of a proposal if the department finds that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> * The proposed regulatory scheme would regulate less than 250 people; * The department previously reviewed the same professional or occupational group and determines it would not change its recommendations contained in the prior review; * A majority of states regulate the same profession or occupation; or * The unregulated profession or occupation poses an imminent threat to public health, safety, or welfare, in which case the department is to promptly notify the proponents and the general assembly and recommend regulation of the profession or occupation. When the department declines to conduct a review, current law requires the department to notify the proponents and the general assembly of its decision, and the proponents may pursue legislation to regulate the profession or occupation during the next 2 regular legislative sessions of the general assembly or, if the notice is issued during a regular legislative session, legislation may be presented during that legislative session as well. The bill modifies the sunrise review process for analyzing proposals to regulate an unregulated professional or occupational group submitted on or after July 1, 2012, as follows: * Requires regulation proponents to submit a proposal by December 1 of any given year in order to obtain a review and report by October 15 of the following year; * Requires the department to issue sunrise reports no later than October 15 on proposals submitted by December 1 of the prior year; * Eliminates the ability of the department to decline to review a proposal in all cases except when the department finds the profession or occupation poses an imminent threat, or has previously reviewed the same proposal, issued a report less than 36 months before the 	03/15/2012 Governor Action - Signed

HB12-1018		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING MODIFICATIONS TO AVAILABLE AFFILIATION BY SOCIAL SECURITY EMPLOYERS WITH THE FIRE AND POLICE PENSION ASSOCIATION.	LABUDA / TOCHTROP	Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Reform Commission. The bill modifies the social security supplemental plan by repealing provisions related to optional affiliation by any employer that covers members under the federal "Social Security Act", as amended, or any county that covers salaried employees whose duties are directly involved with the provision of law enforcement or fire protection, as certified by the county under the federal "Social Security Act", as amended (social security employer). With one exception, any social security employer is limited to electing affiliation with the fire and police pension association (association) only as to coverage under the statewide defined benefit plan. A social security employer is allowed to elect coverage under the statewide death and disability plan if the social security employer files with the board of directors of the association a resolution to that effect by the governing body of that social security employer.	03/19/2012 Governor Action - Signed
HB12-1029		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING AN ECONOMIC STIMULUS THROUGH A PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTION FOR BUSINESS PERSONAL PROPERTY, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, ENACTING THE "SAVE COLORADO JOBS ACT".	HOLBERT / SCHEFFEL	The bill exempts business personal property that is purchased at any time during the 2013 calendar year from the levy and collection of property tax.	03/24/2012 Governor Action - Signed
HB12-1030		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE REPEAL OF REQUIREMENTS THAT SPECIFIED TYPES OF INFORMATION BE SUBMITTED TO LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEES, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, REPEALING CERTAIN TRANSPORTATION AND ENERGY-RELATED INFORMATION SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS.	LOOPER / WILLIAMS S.	Transportation Legislation Review Committee. The bill repeals requirements that the following transportation and energy-related reports or other information be provided to various committees of the general assembly: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> * An annual capital construction request submitted by the transportation commission to the capital development committee for state highway reconstruction, repair, and maintenance projects to be funded from money transferred to the capital construction fund for those purposes; * 3-year plans and annual activity reports submitted by the Colorado clean energy development authority to the house and senate committees with jurisdiction over energy-related matters; * An annual report submitted by the executive director of the department of revenue to the transportation legislation review committee (TLRC) on the effectiveness of motor vehicle emissions program quality assurance and enforcement measures and additional related matters; * An annual report from the department of public health and environment to the TLRC on the cost and effectiveness of the high emitter program currently provided by the department of public health and environment, in cooperation with the program contractor; * A prioritized list submitted by the executive director of the department of transportation to the TLRC with recommendations concerning railroad rights-of-way or rail lines proposed to be acquired by the state and their proposed uses; * An annual report submitted by the office of transportation safety to the TLRC on the nature and purpose of the programs funded by, and distribution and expenditure of law enforcement assistance fund moneys appropriated to, the department of public health and environment for drunken driving prevention and law enforcement improvement by counties; and * Notice of the boundaries of a public highway authority to be created or of a value capture area to be created within the boundaries of a public highway authority submitted by the board of the authority to the TLRC. 	03/13/2012 Senate Committee on Transportation Postpone Indefinitely
HB12-1031		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE AUTHORITY OF THE BOARD OF THE FIRE AND POLICE PENSION ASSOCIATION TO MAKE AMENDMENTS TO PLANS FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF BENEFITS.	PENISTON / TOCHTROP	Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Reform Commission. The board of the fire and police pension association is authorized to make amendments to plans for the administration of benefits, so long as the amendments do not result in an actuarial cost to the plans and the board deems the amendments prudent and necessary in order to consistently and uniformly manage the plans under the board's administration.	03/24/2012 Governor Action - Signed
HB12-1032	Support	NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING CONTINUATION OF FORESTRY-	HAMNER /	The bill continues the forest restoration program, and its associated funding from severance	03/24/2012 Governor Action - Signed

			RELATED PROGRAMS, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, MAKING AN APPROPRIATION.	NICHOLSON	taxes, for 5 years and specifies that the program is no longer a pilot program. The bill also extends for 5 years the annual transfers from the operational account of the severance tax trust fund of \$1.45 million to the healthy forests and vibrant communities fund and \$50,000 to the wildland-urban interface training fund.	
HB12-1033		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING CONDITIONS ON THE AUTHORITY OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE DIVISION OF WORKERS' COMPENSATION TO IMPOSE ADMINISTRATIVE FINES AS A RESULT OF COMPLIANCE AUDITS FINDING INSTANCES OF LATE REPORTING OF INJURIES UNDER THE "WORKERS' COMPENSATION ACT OF COLORADO".	SWALM / NEWELL	The bill specifies that the director of the division of workers' compensation may not impose an administrative fine on an insurer or self-insured employer as a result of a compliance audit for late reporting of an injury, occupational disease, or fatality when the late reporting resulted from the insurer or self-insured employer not having notice or knowledge of the injury, occupational disease, or fatality in sufficient time to comply with the reporting period. The bill permits the director to impose a fine if the director finds that the late reporting constituted a knowing and repeated pattern of noncompliance with the reporting requirements and was not caused by the insurer or self-insured employer's lack of notice or knowledge of the injury, occupational disease, or fatality.	03/22/2012 Governor Action - Signed
HB12-1034		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING CONTINUING THE PROCESSORS AND END USERS FUND THAT ENCOURAGES RECYCLING OF WASTE TIRES.	LOOPER / SPENCE	Transportation Legislation Review Committee. Currently, the processors and end users fund, which allocates money to encourage recycling, is scheduled to repeal on July 1, 2012. The fund is extended to July 1, 2020.	05/01/2012 House Considered Senate Amendments - Result was to Concur - Repass
HB12-1036		Tuesday, May 8 2012 CONSIDERATION OF SENATE AMENDMENTS (15) in house calendar.	CONCERNING CLARIFICATION OF THE EXEMPTION FROM THE "COLORADO OPEN RECORDS ACT" FOR INVESTIGATIVE FILES.	KERR J.	The bill clarifies that the current exemption from the "Colorado Open Records Act" for investigative files applies to those files compiled for any civil, administrative, or criminal law enforcement purpose.	05/07/2012 House Considered Senate Amendments - Result was to Laid Over Daily
HB12-1037		Tuesday, May 8 2012 GENERAL ORDERS - SECOND READING OF BILLS - CONSENT CALENDAR (6) in senate calendar.	CONCERNING THE CLASSIFICATION OF THE SALES OF CERTAIN ITEMS USED IN AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION AS WHOLESALE SALES.	BECKER	The bill classifies the sales of certain agricultural items as wholesale sales rather than retail sales. The effect of such a classification is that the following sales will not be subject to sales tax: * Sales of agricultural compounds to be consumed by, administered to, or otherwise used in caring for livestock; * Sales of semen for agricultural or ranching purposes; and * Sales of pesticides that are registered by the commissioner of agriculture for use in the production of agricultural and livestock products.	05/04/2012 Senate Committee on Appropriations Refer Unamended - Consent Calendar to Senate Committee of the Whole

HB12-1044		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE CREATION OF THE START-UP COLORADO TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER GRANT PROGRAM.	FERRANDINO	The bill establishes the start-up Colorado technology transfer grant program (program). The purpose of the program is provide grants of up to \$750,000 to offices of technology transfer to help further the commercialization of technology projects and discoveries in Colorado, which will, in turn, lead to the creation of Colorado jobs. The start-up Colorado technology transfer cash fund, not to exceed \$5 million, is also created. The program is repealed, effective July 1, 2015.	04/17/2012 House Committee on Appropriations Postpone Indefinitely
HB12-1045		Tuesday, May 8 2012 GENERAL ORDERS - SECOND READING OF BILLS - CONSENT CALENDAR (7) in senate calendar.	CONCERNING SALES AND USE TAX EXEMPTIONS FOR THE SALE AND USE OF WOOD FROM TREES HARVESTED IN COLORADO DAMAGED BY BEETLES.	BRADFORD / KING S.	Wood and wood products from trees killed or infested in Colorado by the mountain pine beetle are currently exempt from sales and use tax. The exemption expires on July 1, 2013. The bill specifies that the current exemption includes trees killed or infested in Colorado by the spruce beetle and extends the expiration of the exemption to July 1, 2020.	05/08/2012 Senate Second Reading Passed
HB12-1053		Tuesday, May 8 2012 CONFERENCE COMMITTEES TO REPORT (1) in senate calendar. Wednesday, May 9 2012 CONFERENCE COMMITTEE TO REPORT (1) in house calendar.	CONCERNING THE VICTIMS' RIGHTS ACT.	GARDNER B. / GIRON	The bill adds the following crimes to those that are included in the victims' rights statute: Trafficking in adults, trafficking in children, first degree burglary, retaliation against a judge, and retaliation against a juror. The definition of victim is expanded to include a grandchild. The bill requires those responsible for criminal justice records to use reasonable efforts to redact social security numbers of victims and witnesses from criminal justice records. In addition, a victim or a witness has the right to have his or her address redacted and the right to be informed about protection services such as the witness protection program and the address confidentiality program. Under current law, a victim must be notified by mail and telephone of all critical stages of a criminal proceeding. Electronic communication is added as a communication option. The bill clarifies that a victim has the right to know when the defendant is released from county jail. The bill clarifies the public records about which a victim has a right to be informed, including a victim impact statement. Under current law, a victim has the qualified right to be present at the trial of the defendant. The bill changes the standard for when the victim is not allowed to be present so that a court may prohibit a victim from being present if it finds by clear and convincing evidence that the victim's presence would violate the defendant's right to a fair trial. The bill gives a victim the right to know if a subpoena is requested for records of the victim and to be heard before the ruling is made on the subpoena. A victim also has the right to be informed when the offender is transferred to a nonresidential setting or is terminated from a community corrections program. If a victim is unable to attend a critical stage of the criminal justice process at which the victim has a right to be heard, the victim may request that the court make reasonable arrangements for the victim to provide input beyond a victim impact statement. The bill adds postconviction DNA testing for purposes of establishing innocence to the definition of "critical stages" of the criminal proceeding about which a victim must be notified. The bill clarifies when a victim must be notified of sentence modification matters, including probation modifications or a modification of a protection order. A victim who turns 18 years of age may request that he or she become a point of contact for victim notification, but the victim's designee may continue to receive notification as well, unless there are extenuating circumstances. A victim of a crime that was committed before 1993 whose offender is still serving a sentence for the crime may request notification of future critical stages. A victim will be permitted to provide a victim impact statement when the offender is referred to community corrections, and the victim has the right to provide a written statement. For transition cases, the victim has a right to make an oral statement to the community corrections board.	05/08/2012 House Consideration of First Conference Committee Report result was to Recede

HB12-1056		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING REGIONAL TOURISM PROJECT APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS UNDER THE "COLORADO REGIONAL TOURISM ACT", AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, SPECIFYING SUBJECTS TO BE ANALYZED BY A THIRD-PARTY ANALYST WHO IS REQUIRED TO ANALYZE AN APPLICATION, REQUIRING AN APPLICANT TO DEMONSTRATE THAT A SIGNIFICANT PORTION OF THE SALES TAX REVENUE TO BE GENERATED BY A PROJECT WILL BE ATTRIBUTABLE TO TRANSACTIONS WITH NONRESIDENTS OF THE STATE, AND REQUIRING THE DIRECTOR OF THE COLORADO OFFICE OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND THE COLORADO ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION TO CONSIDER INPUT FROM SPECIFIED SOURCES WHEN REVIEWING AN APPLICATION.	KERR A. / HODGE	<p>Section 1 of the bill:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Clarifies the scope of analysis to be conducted by a third-party analyst who is analyzing a regional tourism project application under the "Colorado Regional Tourism Act" (application) by requiring the analyst to: * Assess the assumptions used in the application to estimate net new tourism revenues to Colorado; * Calculate the total anticipated sales tax increment in the proposed regional tourism zone; * Calculate the amount and percentage of the total regional tourism zone sales tax increment that each county or municipality that is part of a multi-party application is eligible to receive; and * Assess the probability of the proposed project moving forward without funding from tax increment financing; * Requires the Colorado economic development commission to consider the third-party analyst report, the data submitted by the applicant, and comments and testimony received when reviewing an application for approval or disapproval; and * Changes the requirement that a significant portion of the sales tax revenue to be generated by a proposed regional tourism project be attributable to transactions with nonresidents of the regional tourism zone to a requirement that a significant portion of the revenue be attributable to transactions with nonresidents of the state. Section 2 of the bill clarifies the extent to which the director of the Colorado office of economic development initially reviews an application for compliance with statutory requirements and requires the director to consider input provided by the director of the Colorado tourism office and counties and municipalities regarding an application. 	02/17/2012 House Committee on Appropriations Postpone Indefinitely
HB12-1062		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING MINIMUM EMPLOYMENT PROTECTIONS FOR COLORADO PEACE OFFICERS.	BARKER	<p>The bill declares that rights and protections afforded to peace officers are a matter of statewide concern. An agency that employs a peace officer (employing agency) shall not enter into a peace officer's personnel file any comment or material that is adverse to the peace officer unless the peace officer is given an opportunity to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Review the comment or material; * Receive a copy of the comment or material; and * Respond to the comment or material in writing. If a peace officer reviews any such comment or material, he or she may sign it upon completing his or her review. The signature indicates only that the peace officer is aware of the comment or material and does not constitute a confirmation by the peace officer of the accuracy of the comment or material. If the peace officer refuses to sign the comment or material, the employing agency shall include with the comment or material an acknowledgment of the peace officer's refusal. If the peace officer prepares a written response, the employing agency shall place it in the peace officer's personnel file. A peace officer shall have the same right to engage in political activities as is afforded to each resident of the state so long as he or she is not on duty or in uniform. Neither an employing agency nor any person may coerce or require a peace officer to engage in political activity. A peace officer may form, join, support, or participate in an employee organization or its lawful activities. An employing agency shall not retaliate or discriminate against a peace officer for joining or advocating for any employee organization or for advocating for the formation thereof. A peace officer, other than a peace officer who has not yet completed a reasonable initial new-hire probationary period, is subject to disciplinary action only for just cause. A peace officer who is accused of a violation of law or of a policy of his or her employing agency (violation) is presumed innocent, and an investigation into such an allegation shall be conducted in a fair and impartial manner. Before an employing agency imposes any disciplinary action upon a peace officer, the peace officer has the right to be heard during a meeting with a designated representative of the employing agency. A peace officer who is accused of a violation is entitled to have a peace officer representative present 	02/27/2012 House Committee on Local Government Postpone Indefinitely

HB12-1064		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE PROHIBITION OF LIMITATIONS CONCERNING FIREARMS DURING AN OFFICIAL STATE OF EMERGENCY.	STEPHENS	The bill prohibits the state or any political subdivision of the state (state), during a declared state of emergency, from prohibiting or restricting the otherwise lawful possession, use, carrying, transfer, transportation, storage, or display of a firearm or ammunition; seizing or confiscating a lawfully possessed firearm, except in specific, described circumstances; or requiring registration of a firearm or ammunition for which registration is not otherwise required by law. An exception is made for the commercial sale of firearms if an authorized authority has ordered an evacuation or a general closure of business. An individual whose rights are violated by the state in conflict with these prohibitions has legal recourse against the state.	03/05/2012 Senate Committee on State, Veterans & Military Affairs Postpone Indefinitely
HB12-1066		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE APPLICATION OF VEHICLE LAWS TO POWERSPORTS VEHICLES.	PRIOLA	The bill authorizes off-highway vehicles to be operated on the road with the following limitations: * The rider must be licensed; * The vehicle must be registered with the department of revenue; * The vehicle must be insured; * The vehicle cannot be driven on a road with a speed limit greater than 45 miles per hour except to cross the road; * The vehicle cannot be operated on a limited-access highway or state highway; except that the Colorado department of transportation may authorize the use of off-highway vehicles on	04/24/2012 House Third Reading Lost
HB12-1069		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING TAX EXPENDITURES.	MIKLOSI	Section 1 of the bill creates a state sales and use tax exemption for back-to-school items. The exemption only applies for 3 days in the beginning of August for a period of 5 years beginning in 2012. A "back-to-school item" is defined to mean clothing, shoes, school supplies, or computers. Clothing includes sports and recreational equipment, but does not include clothing accessories. The exemption applies to all noncommercial purchasers. Section 2 of the bill	05/07/2012 Senate Committee on Appropriations Postpone Indefinitely
HB12-1076		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING ADDITIONAL VOLUNTARY INFORMATION THAT MAY BE REQUESTED IN AN INITIATIVE OR REFERENDUM PETITION.	COURT / STEADMAN	The bill permits an initiative or referendum petition to include space for a registered elector to voluntarily include his or her telephone number, electronic mail address, or both. If a space for the information is included, a petition must clearly indicate that the information is not required in order for a registered elector to sign the petition.	03/08/2012 House Committee on State, Veterans, & Military Affairs Postpone Indefinitely
HB12-1077		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING MODIFICATIONS TO THE INVESTMENT CONFIDENTIALITY PROVISIONS RELATED TO POLICE OFFICERS' AND FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION PLANS.	GARDNER B. / TOCHTROP	Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Reform Commission. With respect to provisions addressing investment confidentiality, the definition of "investment information" is modified and the term "portfolio company" is replaced with the term "investment vehicle".	03/19/2012 Governor Action - Signed
HB12-1078		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE EXEMPTION OF DRINKING WATER TREATMENT FACILITIES FROM THE REQUIREMENT TO OBTAIN A CERTIFICATE OF DESIGNATION.	VIGIL / SCHWARTZ	Water Resources Review Committee. Current law requires a drinking water treatment facility that stores, treats, or processes solid wastes originating at the facility to get a certificate of designation from the local municipality or board of county commissioners. Such facilities are regulated by both the solid and hazardous waste commission and the water quality control commission. The bill exempts these facilities from the requirement to get a certificate of	03/22/2012 Governor Action - Signed

HB12-1079		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING DESIGNATION OF CERTAIN POSITIONS IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY.	BARKER / KING S.	The bill designates the deputy executive director of the department of public safety and the director of the division of criminal justice in the department of public safety as peace officers who may be certified by the peace officer standards and training board. The bill specifically gives the executive director of the department of public safety the authority to appoint a deputy department director.	03/16/2012 Governor Action - Signed
HB12-1082		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE PAYMENT OF PREVAILING COMPENSATION FOR WORKERS ON PUBLIC WORKS.	SOPER	<p>The bill requires a contractor awarded a contract for a public works by a state agency in excess of \$100,000, and each subcontractor that works thereon, to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Pay workers at least the prevailing wages and fringe benefits, as established pursuant to federal law. The requirement for the payment of prevailing wages and fringe benefits must be included in a contract for a public works. * Post the prevailing wages and fringe benefits; * Pay workers at least once a week; * Furnish payroll records to the director of the division of labor in the department of labor and employment (director); and * File a written statement to the state agency certifying the amount of unpaid prevailing wages and fringe benefits. With respect to any failure to pay prevailing wages and fringe benefits, the bill: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Establishes penalties, including termination of the contract, withholding contract payments, and civil penalties; * Establishes a private right of action; * Requires the director to publish a list of contractors and subcontractors who willfully fail to make such payments and to debar a contractor or subcontractor for multiple violations within a 3-year period; and * Prohibits a contractor or subcontractor from discriminating against a worker for asserting rights or for participating in an action by the director. The director is authorized to investigate whether workers on a public works are being paid prevailing wages and fringe benefits. <p>Appropriations for these investigations shall be made from moneys in the newly created prevailing wage enforcement fund, which shall include revenue from certain penalties paid by contractors or subcontractors. The bill specifies that the prevailing wage and fringe benefits requirement will not interfere with workers' right to bargain collectively.</p>	01/25/2012 House Committee on Local Government Postpone Indefinitely
HB12-1083		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING MAINTENANCE OF THE CURRENT FEE STRUCTURE ON CERTAIN FEEDING OPERATIONS UNDER THE "COLORADO WATER QUALITY CONTROL ACT".	SONNENBERG / SCHWARTZ	In 2009, the general assembly increased the maximum annual fee that the water quality control agency in the division of administration of the department of public health and environment may impose upon concentrated animal feeding operations and housed commercial swine feeding operations dischargers under the "Colorado Water Quality Control Act" until July 1, 2012. The bill maintains the current fee structure until July 1, 2015, in order to continue the environmental agriculture program.	04/16/2012 Governor Action - Signed

HB12-1084		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING INCREASING THE PUNISHMENT FOR LEAVING THE SCENE OF A TRAFFIC ACCIDENT THAT RESULTED IN SERIOUS BODILY INJURY TO ANY PERSON.	FIELDS / JAHN	Under current law, a driver of any vehicle directly involved in an accident resulting in injury or worse to any person is required to remain at the scene of the accident until the driver has fulfilled certain statutory requirements. The penalty for leaving the scene of an accident resulting in serious bodily injury to any person is increased from a class 5 felony to a class 4 felony.	05/07/2012 Senate Third Reading Passed
HB12-1087		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING AN ON-LINE REGISTRY OF PERSONS WHO ARE CONVICTED OF CERTAIN CRIMES AGAINST ANIMALS.	LABUDA	The bill creates within the department of public safety (department) the on-line animal abusers registry (registry), which shall make available to the general public on an internet web site the identities of persons who have been convicted of cruelty to animals, cruelty to a service animal, aggravated cruelty to animals, or animal fighting (an animal abuse crime). A person 18 years of age or older who is convicted of, or who enters a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, an animal abuse crime shall submit to the registry electronically or in person within 5 business days following his or her conviction: (a) His or her name; (b) Any aliases he or she is known to have; (c) His or her residential address; and (d) A photograph of his or her head and shoulders from the front. Upon receipt of the information, using procedures established by rules promulgated by the executive director of the department (executive director) or his or her designee, the administrator of the registry (administrator) shall immediately confirm that the information describes a person who has been convicted of an animal abuse crime. Upon acquiring such confirmation, the administrator shall add the person, including all of the information submitted by the person, to the registry and include the person in the registry for a period of 5 years. If a person who is registered as a convicted animal abuser in the registry changes his or her residential address, he or she shall notify the registry of the change within 3 business days. The executive director or his or her designee shall promulgate rules to implement the registry, including but not limited to rules for the confirmation of registrants' personal information. The executive director, or his or her designee, shall contract with a nonprofit agency for the creation and maintenance of the registry. The terms of the contract shall ensure that the nonprofit agency bears the entire cost of the creation and maintenance of the registry. If the executive director or his or her designee is unable to identify a nonprofit agency with which to contract for the creation and maintenance of the registry, the requirements described in the bill shall not apply to any person.	01/30/2012 House Committee on Agriculture, Livestock, & Natural Resources Postpone Indefinitely
HB12-1088		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE USE OF DEADLY PHYSICAL FORCE AGAINST A PERSON WHO MAKES AN ILLEGAL ENTRY INTO A PLACE OF BUSINESS.	HOLBERT / GRANTHAM	The bill extends the right to use deadly force against an intruder under certain conditions to include owners, managers, and employees of businesses.	03/05/2012 Senate Committee on State, Veterans & Military Affairs Postpone Indefinitely
HB12-1089		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE SPECIFIC WORDING RELATED TO A STATEWIDE BALLOT TITLE.	COURT / STEADMAN	For a statewide ballot title for an initiated or referred measure that, after the statement of the single subject, specifies the central features, section 2 of the bill replaces the introductory phrase "and, in connection therewith" with the term "that". Section 2 also requires a proposition to be described in a ballot title as a "change to the Colorado Revised Statutes" and an amendment as an "amendment to the Colorado constitution". Section 3 of the bill expands the "yes" and "no" responses to a ballot title that are currently used on the ballot to "YES/FOR" and "NO/AGAINST". Sections 2, 3, and 4 of the bill include conforming amendments related to these response changes.	03/24/2012 Governor Action - Signed

HB12-1092		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE AUTHORITY OF A LAW-ABIDING PERSON TO CARRY A CONCEALED HANDGUN WITHOUT A PERMIT.	PRIOLA / BROPHY	The bill creates exceptions to the offenses of carrying a concealed weapon and unlawful possession of a weapon on school, college, or university grounds if the person is at least twenty-one years of age and may legally possess a handgun under the laws of Colorado and of the United States. A person who carries a concealed handgun under the exception has the same carrying rights and is subject to the same limitations as apply to a person who holds a permit to carry a concealed handgun, including but not limited to the existing limitations concerning the carrying of a concealed handgun on the real property, or in any improvements erected thereon, of a public elementary, middle, junior high, or high school.	05/07/2012 House Committee on Judiciary Postpone Indefinitely
HB12-1094		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING INCREASING THE FINE FOR PARKING IN FRONT OF A FIRE HYDRANT IN AN UNINCORPORATED AREA OF A COUNTY.	KERR A.	The bill increases the fine for parking in front of a fire hydrant in an unincorporated area of a county to a range of \$150 to \$200.	04/06/2012 Governor Action - Signed
HB12-1102		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING A CAP ON INCREASES IN ELECTRICAL UTILITY RATES ARISING FROM IMPLEMENTATION OF THE "CLEAN AIR - CLEAN JOBS ACT".	SWALM / TOCHTROP	House Bill 10-1365 created the "Clean Air - Clean Jobs Act" (act), which directs rate-regulated electric utilities (utilities) to create plans to achieve reduced emissions from coal-fired power plants (plans). The act specifies the extent to which costs in implementing plans are recoverable by utilities. This bill directs the public utilities commission to establish a maximum retail rate impact of 1% of the annual total base rate electric bill for each customer, beginning in 2013 and ending in 2023.	02/15/2012 House Committee on Transportation Postpone Indefinitely
HB12-1105		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING WIND ENERGY PROPERTY RIGHTS.	BECKER	The bill establishes a nonseverable wind energy right in real property.	05/02/2012 House Considered Senate Amendments - Result was to Concur - Repass
HB12-1107		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING AN EXEMPTION FROM THE EXCAVATION REQUIREMENTS FOR THE GRAND VALLEY DRAINAGE DISTRICT.	SCOTT	The bill allows the board of directors of the grand valley drainage district to adopt a resolution exempting the district and the district's maintenance efforts from excavation requirements.	02/15/2012 House Committee on Agriculture, Livestock, & Natural Resources Postpone Indefinitely
HB12-1110		Tuesday, May 8 2012 GENERAL ORDERS - SECOND	CONCERNING THE REGULATION OF APPRAISAL MANAGEMENT COMPANIES.	WILLIAMS A. / CARROLL	In compliance with federal law, Colorado currently requires the licensing of real estate appraisers. In order to promote enhanced consumer protection, recently adopted federal	05/04/2012 Senate Committee on Appropriations Refer Unamended to

		READING OF BILLS (16) in senate calendar.			guidelines now require mortgage lenders to use entities known as appraisal management companies, which hire licensed real estate appraisers, to value property for lending purposes. Appraisal management companies are not currently subject to regulation under Colorado law. The bill authorizes the board of real estate appraisers in the division of real estate in the department of regulatory agencies to regulate appraisal management companies. Necessary	Senate Committee of the Whole
HB12-1111		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE DEFINITION OF IDENTIFICATION FOR ELECTION-RELATED PURPOSES.	SZABO	<p>One of the following is required to be used as identification for election-related purposes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> * A valid Colorado driver's license; * A valid identification card issued by the department of revenue; * A valid United States passport; * A valid employee identification card with a photograph of the eligible elector issued by a governmental entity; * A valid pilot's license issued by the federal aviation administration or other authorized federal agency; * A valid United States military identification card with a photograph of the eligible elector; * A valid medicare or medicaid card issued by the United States health care financing administration that has been issued to an eligible elector who is a resident of a state-licensed facility; or * A valid student identification card with a photograph of the eligible elector issued by an institution of higher education established and existing as an agency of the state of Colorado. <p>The following documentation is removed from the list of identification that may be used for election-related purposes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> * A copy of a current utility bill, bank statement, government check, paycheck, or other government document that shows the name and address of the elector; * A certified copy of a birth certificate for the elector issued in the United States; and * Certified documentation of naturalization. 	04/04/2012 Senate Committee on State, Veterans & Military Affairs Postpone Indefinitely

HB12-1112		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING A STATE ECONOMIC IMPACT RATING AS AN EVALUATION FACTOR IN AWARDDING A STATE PROCUREMENT CONTRACT.	RYDEN	The bill creates the economic impact rating system advisory board (advisory board) in the office of economic development (office). The board consists of 11 voting members with specific qualifications appointed by the governor and 5 ex officio nonvoting members. The advisory board is charged with analyzing the feasibility of establishing an economic impact rating system (system), which measures a company's economic impact in the state. The advisory board is required to annually report to legislative committees on the status of the system. If the system is feasible, the advisory board will assist the office in the development of the system. The system must be designed to allow a company to input information about its operations and connections to the state, and the information will be used to generate a state economic impact rating. To the extent possible, the office is required to design the system so that a company may access it on-line. The office is required to notify the executive director of the department of personnel when an operational system has been developed. Once the system is operational, the state economic impact rating is to be used for proposals solicited through a request for proposals. A state purchasing director or the head of the purchasing agency is required to use the state economic impact rating as an evaluation factor in determining which offeror's proposal is most advantageous to the state. An offeror that responds to a request for proposals is not required to submit its state economic impact rating. The only source of funding for the system is from the newly created economic impact rating system cash fund, which consists of gifts, grants, or donations. Moneys in the fund are continuously appropriated to the office for the system.	02/15/2012 House Committee on State, Veterans, & Military Affairs Postpone Indefinitely
HB12-1113		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE CREATION OF CERTAIN PROCUREMENT PREFERENCES TO BE APPLIED IN THE STATE PROCUREMENT PROCESS.	LEE	Preference where contract to be performed by mostly Colorado residents. On and after July 1, 2012, if a state agency (agency) or governmental body (body) issues an invitation for bids or a request for proposals for a construction contract for a public project (construction contract) or for a services contract that is, in either case, worth more than \$500,000, the agency or body must grant a 3% preference to the bidder or offeror (contractor) if the contractor certifies that at least 90% of the employees who will perform the requirements of the contract are Colorado residents. With respect to a construction contract, an agency or body must also grant a contractor who receives the 3% preference: * An additional 1% preference if the contractor certifies that it offers health care and retirement benefits to the employees who will perform the contract requirements; and * An additional 1% preference if the contractor certifies that the employees who will perform the contract requirements have access to a federally qualified apprenticeship training program. With respect to a services contract, an agency or body must also grant a contractor who receives the 3% preference an additional 2% preference if the contractor certifies that it offers health care benefits and retirement benefits to the employees who will perform the requirements of the contract. An agency or body may not allow any of the preferences to a	02/22/2012 House Committee on State, Veterans, & Military Affairs Postpone Indefinitely
HB12-1121		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING ENACTMENT OF THE UTILITY RATEPAYERS' BILL OF RIGHTS FOR CUSTOMERS OF INVESTOR-OWNED UTILITIES IN COLORADO.	SCOTT	In statutes governing the conduct of rate-making proceedings by the Colorado public utilities commission (commission), the bill lists basic principles to be followed by the commission and by investor-owned public utilities seeking approval of rate increases. The principles include: * Keeping in mind that investor-owned utilities exist for the benefit of consumers as well as utility shareholders, and that the interests of consumers should always be among the utility's highest priorities; * Requiring utilities to share rate increase information with the public in a transparent and understandable form, including illustrating the cost impact to specific customers in addition to the hypothetical average customer; * A prohibition on charging ratepayers for research and development costs or for complying with environmental regulations that have not yet been imposed; and * A prohibition on recovering, from ratepayers, the utility's legal fees and costs incurred in seeking rate increases.	03/16/2012 House Second Reading Laid Over to 5/10/2012

HB12-1122		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING INCENTIVES TO MINIMIZE THE DISPOSAL OF MEDICATIONS IN WATER, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, REQUIRING A POST-ENACTMENT REVIEW OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THIS ACT.	WILSON	Current law allows for the disposal of unwanted medication in landfills and state waters. The bill creates a locally run medication take-back program to divert this waste from water disposal and to minimize the inadvertent or inappropriate use of medications. The division of administration in the department of public health and environment will use gifts, grants, and donations to make grants to local public or private entities that wish to offer a medication take back program. The collected medication must be disposed of safely. Immunity is provided for the sponsors of the local program. The solid and hazardous waste commission may promulgate rules for the program, including for public education. Effective January 1, 2017, the disposal of medication in water is prohibited. The general assembly's legislative service agencies will conduct a post-enactment review of the bill by July 1, 2017.	02/13/2012 House Committee on Agriculture, Livestock, & Natural Resources Postpone Indefinitely
HB12-1123		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING AN INCREASE IN THE TRANSPARENCY OF PROCEEDINGS BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION BY REQUIRING THE COMMISSION TO REPORT ANNUALLY TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY REGARDING MATTERS DISCUSSED ON THE RECORD IN ENERGY RATE CASE HEARINGS.	CONTI	The bill requires the director of the public utilities commission (PUC) or the director's designee to report annually to the joint house and senate transportation committees regarding matters discussed on the record in energy rate case hearings that were decided by the commission during the immediately preceding 2 years. For all rate cases included in the report, the bill directs the commission to estimate the economic impact of the rates involved, including the average increase or decrease in ratepayers' monthly bills.	03/21/2012 Senate Committee on State, Veterans & Military Affairs Postpone Indefinitely
HB12-1125		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING PROCEDURES RELATED TO THE COSTS OF IMPOUNDED ANIMALS.	RAMIREZ / STEADMAN	The bill modifies procedural requirements related to the payment of impoundment, care, and provision costs for an animal that has been impounded because of alleged neglect or abuse or other criminal acts involving the animal. Currently, the owner or custodian (owner) of the impounded animal may request a hearing to contest the reasonableness of those costs. The bill specifies that the owner must make that request within 10 days after the date of impoundment. Because costs associated with caring for the animal continue to accrue during the pendency of an animal's impoundment, the bill requires the hearing to be conducted in a criminal court of competent jurisdiction no later than 10 days after the request. The bill also: * For an owner requesting a hearing, delays the payment of costs until the date of the hearing; * Expands the scope of the hearing to include a judicial determination as to whether probable cause existed to justify the impoundment; * Describes circumstances under which a payment for impoundment, care, and provision costs must be refunded to an owner; and * Clarifies that the criminal law procedures governing impoundments do not apply to matters solely brought in an administrative context. In order to increase clarity, section 1 of the bill also reorganizes the existing statute governing impounded animals. Sections 2, 3, and 4 make corresponding nonsubstantive amendments to conform current law to that reorganization.	04/12/2012 Governor Action - Signed

HB12-1126		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING ON-SITE WASTEWATER TREATMENT SYSTEMS.	GEROU	<p>The bill modernizes and simplifies the laws related to individual sewage treatment systems.</p> <p>Section 1 of the bill:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Replaces the terms "individual sewage disposal system" (or "ISDS") with "on-site wastewater treatment system" (or "OWTS") and updates other OWTS-related terms and definitions; * Eliminates references to disposal of sewage to more accurately convey that sewage is treated; * Explicitly authorizes performance-based approaches to the regulation of OWTSs; * Requires the division of administration in the department of public health and environment (department) to periodically advise the water quality control commission (commission) in the department regarding whether the commission should consider adopting new rules to reflect scientific advances in OWTSs; * Removes specific topics and parameters for which the commission and local boards of health are required to promulgate rules, thus allowing those entities greater regulatory flexibility to regulate OWTSs; * Reorganizes existing law for increased clarity, including relocating provisions pertaining to the issuance of variances from OWTS rules; * Withdraws from local boards of health, and places within the purview of the commission, the authority to specify by rule mandatory tests that must be performed on OWTSs and allows local boards of health to adopt rules requiring additional studies; * Strikes references to a distinct "emergency use permit" and instead incorporates the ability of a local public health agency to allow use of a malfunctioning OWTS under the terms of, and concurrent with, a repair permit; * Condenses language pertaining to fees that a local board of health may collect for OWTS-related services, and allows the amount of such fees to be sufficient to offset the indirect costs (in addition to direct costs) incurred; and * Repeals specific provisions relating to, while reaffirming, the authority of a local board of health to prohibit permits for an OWTS when the OWTS will constitute a hazard to public health or water quality. Sections 2 through 8 contain conforming amendments. 	04/26/2012 Governor Action - Signed
HB12-1129		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING APPROPRIATIONS TO MATCH FEDERAL FUNDS FOR SMALL BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CENTERS.	TYLER / JAHN	<p>For the 2012-13 and 2013-14 state fiscal years, the bill requires the general assembly to appropriate moneys, in amounts to match federal funds but not to exceed \$300,000 each year, to the Colorado office of economic development (office). The state director of small business development centers (SBDCs) in the office may expend up to 15% of the appropriated moneys to increase awareness of SBDCs and shall equitably distribute the remainder to SBDCs across the state and, where possible, to reestablish SBDCs that have closed since January 1, 2007. The office is required to report to the general assembly regarding the disbursement and the measurable results of the use of those moneys.</p>	04/17/2012 House Committee on Appropriations Postpone Indefinitely

HB12-1132		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING CREATIVE DISTRICT TAX INCENTIVES, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, ALLOWING A STATE INCOME TAX CREDIT FOR INCOME DERIVED FROM CREATIVE BUSINESS ACTIVITIES CONDUCTED WITHIN A CREATIVE DISTRICT AND REDUCING THE RATE OF THE STATE SALES TAX IMPOSED ON SALES MADE WITHIN A CREATIVE DISTRICT.	MIKLOSI / WILLIAMS S.	Section 2 of the bill: * Defines a creative business activity as an activity that generates income for the person conducting it and that the creative industries division of the Colorado office of economic development (division) determines involves the design, creation, production, sale, exhibition, or performance of artistic, literary, musical, architectural, design, or other creative work product or otherwise directly relates to such work product; and * For income tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2013, but before January 1, 2018, allows a person who earns income from engaging in creative business activities within a creative district certified by the division to claim a 50% income tax credit against the income tax liability attributable to income derived from the activities. Section 3 of the bill reduces the rate of sales tax imposed on sales made within a creative district on and after January 1, 2013, but before January 1, 2018, from 2.9% to 1.45%; except that, for a creative district certified on or after November 1, 2012, the reduced rate does not apply until the first day of the third month following the month of certification.	02/22/2012 House Committee on Finance Postpone Indefinitely
HB12-1133		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE CREATION OF THE ECONOMIC GARDENING PILOT PROGRAM IN THE COLORADO OFFICE OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.	LEE	The bill creates an economic gardening pilot program (pilot program) in the Colorado office of economic development (office). Under the pilot program, the office contracts with entities that will provide management and technical assistance to the eligible businesses participating in the pilot program. The participating businesses are selected by the entities from among nominees forwarded by economic gardening partnerships. The number of participating businesses in the state is capped at 49, or 7 in each of 7 economic gardening regions in the state, in equal allotments per region. The office is authorized to accept gifts, grants, and donations to finance costs incurred in establishing the pilot program. The pilot program terminates in 2020, and the office's duty to report annually on the results of the pilot program to the general assembly expires in 2022.	02/24/2012 House Committee on Economic and Business Development Postpone Indefinitely
HB12-1134		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING A PROHIBITION AGAINST	PARON	The bill prohibits an employer, employer's agent, employer's representative, or employer's	02/21/2012 House Committee on
HB12-1161		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING SCIENTIFIC REVIEW OF WATER QUALITY RULES REGULATING NUTRIENTS.	LOOPER / KING K.	The bill establishes a nutrients scientific advisory board, appointed by leadership of the general assembly, to review proposed numeric water quality nutrient standards regulating	05/03/2012 Senate Committee on Agriculture, Natural Resources, and
HB12-1163		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING LIMITED PEACE OFFICER AUTHORITY DESIGNATIONS.	WALLER	The bill repeals the peace officers standards and training board's authority to grant conditional peace officer status. A peace officer may be granted provisional peace officer status if he or she has been a certified peace officer in good standing in another jurisdiction in the last 3 years.	03/22/2012 Governor Action - Signed

HB12-1164		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING A REQUIREMENT FOR DISCLOSURE REGARDING SEVERED MINERAL ESTATES UPON THE CONVEYANCE OF REAL ESTATE.	LOOPER	Beginning in 2013, listing contracts, contracts of sale, and sellers' property disclosures for real estate must include a notice regarding whether the mineral estate has been severed from the surface estate and a surface owner's right of first refusal to purchase the mineral estate when the taxes on the mineral estate have not been paid. The seller must provide to the buyer a copy of each instrument that severed the mineral estate, the name and contact information of the owner of the mineral estate, and the name and contact information of any known current lessees of the mineral estate, if that information is available. The seller must also indicate whether mineral exploration or development on the real property is or will be using water that would otherwise be available to the buyer as an incident of ownership of the real property.	02/14/2012 House Committee on Judiciary Postpone Indefinitely
HB12-1165		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION ABOUT RADON HAZARDS IN CONNECTION WITH THE RESALE OF PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY.	SCHAFFER S. / JAHN	On and after January 1, 2013, in connection with the resale and subsequent conveyance of private residential real property, the bill requires the seller of the property to conduct a test of the property for radon hazards prior to sale in accordance with testing procedures approved for such use by the Colorado department of public health and environment. The bill further requires the seller to timely disclose the findings of the test to the potential purchasers of the property and provide documentation to such purchaser evidencing the completion of the test and the test results. Any presence of a radon hazard above the safety level may constitute cause for the mitigation of the hazard. The bill specifies that the cost of any such mitigation is a matter to be privately negotiated between the seller and the potential purchaser of the property. Nothing in the bill is intended nor shall be construed to require any mitigation on the part of the seller of the property. The bill provides a property owner, an authorized agent of a property owner, or a person in possession of real property immunity from liability for any damages resulting from the operation, maintenance, installation, or effectiveness of any mitigation undertaken pursuant to the bill.	02/23/2012 House Committee on State, Veterans, & Military Affairs Postpone Indefinitely
HB12-1169		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING A CLARIFICATION OF THE CIRCUMSTANCES UNDER WHICH VOTING TO ELECT LEADERSHIP OF A PUBLIC BODY MAY BE HELD BY SECRET BALLOT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STATE OPEN MEETINGS LAW.	GARDNER B. / BROPHY	The bill prohibits a state or local public body from adopting any proposed policy, position, resolution, rule, or regulation or from taking formal action by secret ballot unless otherwise authorized in accordance with the provisions of the state open meetings law. The bill permits a state or local public body to elect the leadership of that same public body by secret ballot but requires the outcome of the vote to be recorded contemporaneously in the minutes of the body. The bill is not to be construed to affect the existing powers of a school board to use a secret ballot.	03/24/2012 Governor Action - Signed

HB12-1244		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING AN INVENTORY OF LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES CREATED BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, SPECIFYING THE INFORMATION THAT MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE INVENTORY.	SCOTT / FOSTER	The bill directs the secretary of state to create an inventory of local governmental entities and describes the information that must be included in the inventory. The inventory must be available electronically, but the secretary of state shall charge users a fee to access the data related to agents authorized to receive notices of claims under the "Colorado Governmental Immunity Act" (act). Filing a notice of a claim arising under the act with a person listed as an agent in the inventory is deemed to satisfy requirements for filing such notice. Service to the most recently listed registered agent is deemed valid if the local governmental entity failed to timely update its registered agent information.	05/03/2012:48 AM 04:10 Signed by the President of the Senate
HB12-1258		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING REGULATION OF PUBLIC UTILITIES IN TERMS OF ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES.	DELGROSSO / JAHN	The bill specifies that sellers of electricity as fuel for alternative fuel vehicles are not regulated as public utilities. Generating electricity for sale as fuel for alternative fuel vehicles also does not make the seller subject to regulation as a public utility if the seller generates the electricity on the property where the fueling facilities are located and the electricity is generated from a renewable resource. Public utilities must make commercially reasonable efforts to provide connection of electric and natural gas service to alternative fuel vehicle charging facilities. A public utility's right to make unregulated operating expenditures and investments via an unregulated subsidiary with regard to alternative fuel vehicle charging facilities is not limited.	05/03/2012 Governor Action - Signed
HB12-1263		Wednesday, May 9 2012 GENERAL ORDERS - SECOND READING OF BILLS (1) in senate calendar.	CONCERNING REDUCING BARRIERS TO EMPLOYMENT FOR PEOPLE WITH CRIMINAL RECORDS.	LEVY / STEADMAN	<p>If an agency requires an applicant's criminal history in the hiring process, the agency may not:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Unless a statute prohibits a person convicted of a specific crime from serving in that position, indicate that a person with a criminal record may not apply; and * Inquire or determine the applicant's criminal history until the agency makes a conditional offer of employment. If the applicant has a criminal conviction, the agency must consider the following factors when deciding whether the conviction disqualifies the applicant from the position: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> * The nature of the conviction; * The relationship between the conviction and the specific position for hire and the bearing, if any, the conviction will have on his or her fitness or ability to perform the duties and responsibilities; * Any information produced by the applicant or produced on his or her behalf regarding his or her rehabilitation and good conduct; and * The time that has elapsed since the applicant's conviction. The bill specifies that unless the offense is specifically related to the profession being licensed and was committed within ten years of the application for licensure or unless there is a specific statutory requirement to consider an individual's criminal history when granting a state license, such a consideration is 	05/04/2012 Senate Committee on Judiciary Refer Amended to Senate Committee of the Whole

HB12-1264		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING MEASURES TO FACILITATE THE PROCESS OF DISTRIBUTED GENERATION INTERCONNECTION.	SOLANO	Section 1 of the bill declares that Colorado's efforts to incorporate distributed generation (DG) from renewable sources could be improved through the adoption of updated standards for interconnection between customer-generators of DG and the utility-owned distribution networks into which they feed power. Section 2 directs the Colorado public utilities commission (PUC) to adopt amended rules on interconnection, using as a basis the recommended standards developed by the interstate renewable energy council, especially with regard to: * Customer-generator insurance requirements, including a limitation on scope to include only liability for property damage to the utility's infrastructure and a complete exemption for systems below a threshold size; and * Standards of review for compatibility with the distribution system, incorporating a catchall standard for systems that do not fit within the existing 3 categories specified in PUC rules. Section 3 creates a task force on DG interconnection issues to meet during the 2012 interim and produce an initial report to specified committees of the general assembly concerning ways in which interconnection and related issues could be addressed in order to further facilitate the deployment of DG from renewable sources in Colorado.	02/20/2012 House Committee on Agriculture, Livestock, & Natural Resources Postpone Indefinitely
HB12-1267		Tuesday, May 8 2012 CONSIDERATION OF SENATE AMENDMENTS (21) in house calendar.	CONCERNING THE SIMPLIFICATION OF CERTAIN PREELECTION PROCEDURES IN ORDER TO REDUCE THE COST OF ADMINISTERING ELECTIONS.	CORAM / GRANTHAM	The bill: * Allows the secretary of state to waive the requirement that a political subdivision must use a vote center in an election other than a general election before establishing a vote center for a general election; * Repeals the requirement that ballots sent by mail contain ballot stubs; * Consolidates voter information card mailings, adds information that must be included on such mailings, and extends the deadline by which the mailings must be made for a primary	05/07/2012 Senate Third Reading Passed
HB12-1268		Tuesday, May 8 2012 GENERAL ORDERS - SECOND READING OF BILLS - CONSENT CALENDAR (3) in senate calendar.	CONCERNING A TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS PERTAINING TO HEALTH FACILITY COMPLIANCE WITH CERTAIN BUILDING SAFETY STANDARDS FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT TO THE DIVISION OF FIRE SAFETY IN THE OFFICE OF PREPAREDNESS, SECURITY, AND FIRE SAFETY WITHIN THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, RENAMING THE PUBLIC SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION AND INSPECTION SECTION IN THE DIVISION OF FIRE SAFETY.	ACREE	Currently, the division of fire safety (division) in the office of preparedness, security, and fire safety within the Colorado department of public safety conducts construction plan reviews and performs inspections of public school buildings to determine compliance with building and fire safety codes. The department of public health and environment (department) is responsible for such reviews and inspections for health facility buildings. Effective July 1, 2012, the bill transfers to the division the department's functions, personnel, and property directed principally for inspections of health care facilities for conformity to building and fire safety standards. With the exception of certain health facilities for which there are no central buildings used to provide health services to individuals, the division will be responsible for adopting building and fire safety standards, reviewing plans for construction, performing inspections, issuing certificates of occupancy and compliance, and otherwise assessing and enforcing compliance with building and fire safety standards. To reflect its broader scope, the division's public school construction and inspection section is renamed the "health facility and public school construction and inspection section" (section). Laws setting forth the current administrative duties and processes of the division and the section, as they relate to the public school construction and inspection program, are amended to include health facilities. The bill leaves intact the existing authority of a local jurisdiction to adopt and enforce concurrent building and fire safety codes, and describes the interaction between local and division oversight and regulations. The department is prohibited from licensing a health facility unless the division issues to the department a certificate of compliance certifying that the health facility's buildings and structures conform to the building and fire safety standards adopted by the director of the division. Upon receipt of such certificate, the department must take action regarding the pending application for licensure within 30 days.	05/08/2012 Senate Second Reading Passed with Amendments
HB12-1270		Tuesday, May 8 2012 CONSIDERATION OF SENATE	CONCERNING AN INCREASE IN THE LIMIT ON THE AMOUNT OF ALCOHOL BEVERAGES A PERSON	RYDEN	Current law limits the amount of alcohol beverages persons licensed to sell alcohol beverages for consumption on a licensed premises may purchase at retail, rather than from a licensed	05/08/2012 House Considered Senate Amendments - Result was to Concur -

		AMENDMENTS (2) in house calendar.	LICENSED TO SELL ALCOHOL BEVERAGES FOR ON-PREMISES CONSUMPTION MAY PURCHASE FROM A LICENSED ALCOHOL BEVERAGE RETAILER.		alcohol beverage wholesaler. For hotel and restaurant licensees, the limit is \$1,000 worth of alcohol beverages per year; for all other on-premises licensees, the limit is \$500 worth of alcohol beverages per year. The bill increases the limit to \$2,000 worth of alcohol beverages per year for all persons licensed to sell alcohol beverages for on-premises consumption.	Repass
HB12-1277	Monitor	NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING STRENGTHENING LOCAL GOVERNMENTS' REGULATION OF OIL AND GAS OPERATIONS, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, STRENGTHENING LOCAL GOVERNMENTS' ZONING AND LAND USE AUTHORITY OVER OIL AND GAS OPERATIONS.	JONES / BACON	The bill clarifies that oil and gas operations are subject to local governments' authority, as well as the authority of the oil and gas conservation commission. The bill establishes that oil and gas operations are subject to the same local government control as is established for other mineral extractions.	02/20/2012 House Committee on Local Government Postpone Indefinitely
HB12-1278		Tuesday, May 8 2012 THIRD READING OF BILLS - FINAL PASSAGE (5) in house calendar.	CONCERNING GROUNDWATER IN THE SOUTH PLATTE RIVER BASIN.	FISCHER	The bill authorizes a study of the interaction between the South Platte alluvial aquifer and surface streams. It also authorizes the state engineer to respond to damaging conditions caused by high groundwater levels in water division 1 in the following manners: * Approve temporary substitute water supply plans that do not require the replacement of all out-of-priority depletions when deemed necessary to remedy adverse conditions caused by high groundwater levels; * Permit out-of-priority well pumping without requiring replacement of depletions; * Request that the water judge for water division 1 use the retained jurisdiction provisions to reconsider augmentation plan decrees based on information obtained from the authorized study; and * Withhold approval for new recharge projects until completion of the authorized study.	05/08/2012 Senate Committee on Legislative Council Refer Unamended to Senate Committee of the Whole
HB12-1285		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING MODIFICATIONS TO STATUTORY PROVISIONS GOVERNING INTERGOVERNMENTAL COOPERATION TO ADDRESS WILDLAND FIRE MITIGATION WHERE A MUNICIPALITY OWNS LAND INSIDE A COUNTY FOR UTILITY PURPOSES.	GEROU / JAHN	Existing law requires each municipality that owns any land area either entirely or partially outside its own territorial boundaries and inside the territorial boundaries of a county and that contains at least 50% forest land or land that constitutes a wildland area to enter into an intergovernmental agreement by July 1, 2012, with the county for the purpose of mitigating forest land or wildland fires affecting the contiguous land areas of the municipality and county. The bill sets up parallel requirements for municipalities that own any land area inside the county for utility purposes. If not, the existing statutory requirements apply. However, if the	04/06/2012 Governor Action - Signed
HB12-1292		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING TECHNICAL MODIFICATIONS TO	MURRAY	The bill makes various technical and nonsubstantive changes to elections laws. Current law is	04/30/2012 Senate Third Reading Passed

			LAWS RELATING TO THE ADMINISTRATION OF ELECTIONS, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, HARMONIZING CURRENT LAWS WITH FEDERAL LAW, ALTERING THE TIME PERIODS WITHIN WHICH CERTAIN ACTIONS MUST BE TAKEN, RAISING CERTAIN FEES, AND DELETING OBSOLETE REFERENCES.		amended to alter or clarify elections-related deadlines (including sections 13, 15, 16, 17, 32, and 40), update procedures in light of modern elections practices or technology (including sections 5, 28, and 29), correct, streamline, or harmonize laws (including sections 14, 19, 30, 34, 35, 37, 38, 39, 41, and 42), repeal redundant provisions (section 8), and recognize the existence of more than 2 major political parties (including sections 7, 9, 12, 21, 24, 25, and 31). Further: * Section 1 adds tribal identification to the list of acceptable elector identification. * When an elector has provided both an address of record and a deliverable mailing address, section 2 requires a county clerk and recorder to use the latter for elections-related communication. * Section 3 makes gender an optional response for a person registering to vote. * In addition to making an in-person request to submit a change of address, section 4 allows an elector to mail such request and aligns the time within which such request must be executed with the deadlines for submitting a mail-in ballot request. * Current law is silent as to the ability of a county clerk and recorder to cancel a voter registration application after an applicant has been apprised that his or her application is incomplete. Section 6 allows county clerk and recorders to cancel such deficient applications after 2 years. * Section 10 raises from \$500 to \$1,000 the fees to file as an unaffiliated candidate for	
HB12-1293		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING MODIFICATIONS TO PROCEDURES THAT GOVERN RECALL ELECTIONS.	TODD	The bill amends, updates, and clarifies various laws governing recall elections, notably: * Sections 2 and 12 prohibit profane or false statements from being included in either a recall petition's statement of grounds or in an elected officer's statement of justification, respectively; * Section 5 changes the appropriate official with whom to file a petition for recall in non-school board recall elections from the district court to the applicable political subdivision's designated election official; * Section 6 sets forth specific procedures for recall petitions and review of recall petitions, directs designated election officials to provide specific reasons for rejecting petitions, and allows a committee that submitted a petition not approved as to form to resubmit a corrected petition or appeal a petition deemed insufficient; * Section 8 changes the event that, for timing purposes, determines whether a recall election must be conducted notwithstanding an officer's resignation; * Section 9 tasks designated election officials, rather than a political subdivision, with setting recall election dates, and applies current law merging certain recall elections with general elections to special district elections, if a special district director is the subject of the recall; * Section 10 establishes procedures for nonpartisan recall elections conducted by mail ballot; * Section 11 specifies how notices of recall elections must be published; * Section 12 requires ballots to contain a blank space for electors to use to vote for a write-in candidate; * Section 14 aligns recall elections conducted by mail with other laws pertaining to mail-in and mail ballot voting; * Section 15 specifies a certain period of time within which a write-in candidate must file his or her affidavit of intent; * Section 16 distinguishes between partisan and nonpartisan elections for procedures to nominate a person to succeed an officer sought to be recalled; * Section 17 excludes write-in candidates from the potential successors to be listed on a recall	05/01/2012 Senate Third Reading Passed
HB12-1296		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE "INCOME PROTECTION ACT".	SINGER	The bill creates the crime of wage theft for failing to pay wages or compensation to an employee or falsely denying the amount of wages or compensation due. Each failure to pay or false denial of wages or compensation due to each employee in each calendar month is a separate violation. It is an affirmative defense if a person is unable to pay the wages or compensation. The bill incorporates the definitions of "employee" and "wages or compensation" from other statutes pertaining to wages.	02/28/2012 House Committee on Judiciary Postpone Indefinitely
HB12-1304	Tuesday, May 8 2012	CONSIDERATION OF SENATE AMENDMENTS (6) in house calendar.	CONCERNING MEASURES TO PREVENT ORGANIZED RETAIL THEFT.	BARKER	If a person causes a fire or exit alarm to go off or deactivates an alarm, that conduct is an act of disorderly conduct and will be penalized as a class 2 misdemeanor. The definition of a "theft detection deactivating device" and "theft detection shielding device" are expanded.	05/08/2012 House Considered Senate Amendments - Result was to Concur - Repass

HB12-1310	Tuesday, May 8 2012 GENERAL ORDERS - SECOND READING OF BILLS (15) in senate calendar.	CONCERNING CHANGES TO STATUTORY PROVISIONS RELATED TO CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS.	GARDNER B. / CARROLL	Section 1. The bill creates standards and a procedure for the admissibility of commercial packages for evidence. Sections 2, 3, and 8. The bill defines "earnings" for garnishment purposes to collect court fines, fees, costs, restitution, and surcharges. When a garnishment is ordered to collect court fines, fees, costs, restitution, and surcharges, it has priority over all other orders except those for child support, maintenance, or a previous garnishment related to court assessments. Section 4. Under current law, the judicial department makes an annual report regarding the state's pretrial services programs. The bill expands the information that would be included in the report. Section 5. Under current law, a surety must consent to the continuation of bond after the defendant pleads guilty. The bill allows a surety to indicate on the initial bond documents whether the surety consents to continuation of the bond after a guilty plea. If the surety does not indicate consent in the initial documents, it may still consent at the time of the plea or within a reasonable time thereafter. Section 6. Under current law, a witness to a grand jury proceeding is given notice of his or her rights. The bill clarifies that the witness has a right to have a court appoint an attorney for him or her, but that the witness may not consult with the public defender. Section 7. The bill gives a party the right to have the court impanel an alternate juror if the case involves a class 1, 2, or 3 felony or a felony listed under the victim's rights provisions. Section 9. Under current law, a presentence report for each offense committed by a sex offender must contain a sex-offender evaluation if one has not been completed in the last 6 months. The bill extends that timeline to 2 years. A sex-offender evaluation would not have to be done if the new offense is a traffic misdemeanor or if the history of sex offending was a juvenile misdemeanor offense, unless the court requires the sex-offender evaluation. Section 10. Under current law, when a defendant defaults on a restitution order, the collection investigator must ask the clerk of the court to issue an attachment of earnings. The bill would allow the collection investigator to issue the attachment. Sections 11 and 18. Under current law, a deferred judgment may last up to 4 years from the date of the plea for a felony. The bill changes the calculation from the date of the plea if no presentence report is ordered or to the date when the court considers the presentence report. The deferred period maybe extended for an additional 2 years if the deferred judgment is for a sex offense and good cause is shown. The bill extends the time period for a juvenile deferral of adjudication for a sex offense from one year to 2 years with the opportunity to extend it up to 5 years with good cause shown. Section 12. Under current law, when a person is convicted of a third felony, he or she is not eligible for probation unless the district attorney consents. The bill clarifies that a plea to a deferred judgment and sentence does not become a conviction until the deferred judgment and sentence is revoked. Section 13. The bill clarifies that the court cannot charge a probationer for the costs of returning the probationer to Colorado. If a probationer applies to transfer his or her probation to another state, the probationer must pay a \$100 filing fee that is deposited into a fund to cover the costs associated with returning probationers to Colorado. Section 14. Under current law, a court may convert a determinate sentence to an indeterminate sentence for certain crimes related to child prostitution and child pornography. The bill repeals that authority. Section 15. The bill clarifies what "under color of his or her official authority" means as it relates to a peace officer. Section 16. The bill clarifies the record-sealing rights of a person convicted of minor in possession of alcohol. Section 17. Under current law, the interest earned by the money in the sex offender surcharge fund is deposited into the general fund. The bill allows the interest to remain in the fund. Section 19. Under current law, if a sentencing juvenile court deviates from the recommendation of the placement report, the court must make specific findings and record for the decision. The bill eliminates this requirement. Section 20. Under current law there is a crime of converting trust funds and the penalties correspond to the amount of money converted. The bill clarifies that adjustments to trust funds based on simple accounting errors is not a crime. The bill changes the penalties and amounts to correspond to the penalties and amounts for theft. Section 21. Under current law, the court must sentence a person who is convicted of a second, third, or subsequent DUI to probation in order to complete certain court-ordered programs and treatment. Under the bill, if the defendant is sentenced to the department of corrections, the court does not sentence the defendant to probation and the defendant must complete the court-ordered programs and treatment while on parole. Sections 22 through 26. Make conforming amendments.	05/04/2012 Senate Committee on Appropriations Refer Unamended to Senate Committee of the Whole
---------------------------	--	---	-------------------------	---	--

HB12-1311	Tuesday, May 8 2012 GENERAL ORDERS - SECOND READING OF BILLS (13) in senate calendar.	CONCERNING CONTINUATION OF THE STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, IMPLEMENTING THE RECOMMENDATIONS CONTAINED IN THE SUNSET REVIEW AND REPORT REGARDING THE BOARD AND RECODIFYING THE LAWS REGULATING PHARMACISTS, THE PRACTICE OF PHARMACY, AND THE MANUFACTURE, DISTRIBUTION, AND DISPENSING OF PRESCRIPTION DRUGS AND CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES.	SUMMERS / BOYD	Sunset Process - House Health and Environment Committee. The bill implements the recommendations of the sunset review and report on the Colorado state board of pharmacy as follows: Recommendation 1 - Contained in C.R.S. section 12-42.5-103 (3)(b) and Section 3 of the bill * The bill continues the state board of pharmacy (board) and its functions and the regulation of the practice of pharmacy through September 1, 2021. Recommendation 2 - Contained in C.R.S. sections 12-42.5-106 (1)(j) and 12-42.5-202 (1.5) and Section 2 of the bill * The bill repeals the rehabilitation evaluation committee, which is tasked with reviewing applications to participate in the pharmacy peer health assistance program and making recommendations to the board. The functions of the rehabilitation evaluation committee are transferred to the board. Recommendation 3 - Contained in C.R.S. section 12-42.5-203 (2)(a) * The pharmacy peer health assistance program is funded from license and renewal fees, the amount of which are set in statute. The bill permits the board annually to increase license and renewal fees, based on increases in the consumer price index, to cover the costs of the pharmacy peer health assistance program. Recommendation 4 - Contained in C.R.S. section 12-42.5-102 (25)(b) * The definition of an "other outlet" that registers with the board is expanded to include ambulatory surgical centers, medical clinics operated by hospitals, and long-term care facilities for seniors. Recommendation 5 - Contained in C.R.S. sections 12-42.5-102 (16) and 12-42.5-118 (10) * Currently, hospitals, which are registered as prescription drug outlets (PDOs), are allowed to operate "satellite" pharmacies that are located in an area outside the PDO but at the same location as the PDO. If a satellite has an address that differs from the PDO, the satellite must obtain a separate registration from the federal drug enforcement agency (DEA), which requires, as a prerequisite, a state registration; however, current law does not permit a separate registration for a satellite that has a different address than the PDO. The bill establishes a new hospital satellite pharmacy registration to require a satellite that is located	05/04/2012 Senate Committee on Appropriations Refer Unamended to Senate Committee of the Whole
HB12-1312	NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE EXCLUSION OF LAND USE ISSUES ADDRESSED BY LOCAL GOVERNING BODIES FROM THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION'S PROPER SCOPE OF REVIEW WITH RESPECT TO APPLICATIONS FOR CERTIFICATES OF PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND NECESSITY FOR TRANSMISSION LINES.	SONNENBERG / BROPHY	The bill clarifies that the public utilities commission, in determining whether or not to grant a certificate of public convenience and necessity for proposed electric transmission lines and associated facilities not constructed in the ordinary course of business, shall not consider land use issues such as the location or alignment of the proposed lines and associated facilities because a local government can address the land use considerations through its land use regulations.	04/12/2012 Governor Action - Signed
SB12-002	NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING AUTHORIZATION OF CIVIL UNIONS.	STEADMAN	The bill creates the "Colorado Civil Union Act" (Act) to authorize any 2 unmarried adults, regardless of gender, to enter into a civil union. Parties wanting to enter into a civil union apply to a county clerk and recorder for a civil union license. Certain persons may certify a civil union. After the civil union is certified, the officiant files the civil union certificate with the	05/04/2012 House Committee on Finance Refer Unamended to Appropriations
SB12-004	NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE CREATION OF A PROCUREMENT PREFERENCE TO BE GRANTED FOR MATERIALS MANUFACTURED IN THE UNITED STATES.	FOSTER / MIKLOSI	Any state agency (agency) that issues an invitation for bids or a request for proposals on or after July 1, 2012, for the purchase of materials, supplies, products, provisions, or equipment for which an appropriation or expenditure of moneys is reasonably expected to exceed \$1 million in the aggregate is required to provide to a bidder or offeror (contractor) that responds to the invitation for bids or request for proposals a preference in an amount equal to 1% of the bid price, which is to be subtracted from the bid of each contractor that certifies that it has undertaken best efforts to ensure that such materials, supplies, products, provisions, or equipment are manufactured in the United States. The preference allowed pursuant to the bill may not be awarded to a contractor that fails to meet the requirements of the bill, and the preference may not be used to satisfy any applicable minimum requirements of the contract. The preference is only allowed if: * The materials, supplies, products, provisions, or equipment that are manufactured in the	04/26/2012 House Committee on State, Veterans, & Military Affairs Committee Vote - Final Action Failed
SB12-005	Wednesday, May 9 2012 GENERAL ORDERS - SECOND	CONCERNING THE CREATION OF THE COLORADO BUSINESS RETENTION AND EXPANSION	NEWELL / MASSEY	In order to retain and grow existing businesses in the state, the bill directs the Colorado office of economic development (office) to develop and administer the Colorado business retention	05/04/2012 House Committee on Appropriations Refer Unamended to

		READING OF BILL (1) in house calendar.	PROGRAM.		and expansion program under the office's statewide economic development plan. The bill describes the office's specific duties under the program, including the requirement that the office annually report on the program to the general assembly.	House Committee of the Whole
SB12-006		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE CREATION OF EFFICIENCIES IN THE STATE REGULATORY SYSTEM.	NEVILLE / HOLBERT	The bill requires the committee on legal services to appoint a task force (COLS task force) to review the state's regulatory system and make recommendations related to whether: * The current system creates a regulatory advantage to one segment of an industry at the expense of another; * The existing availability of cost-benefit analysis needs strengthening in order to produce meaningful measures of adverse impacts on consumers and private industry; * The enforcement practices of the current system, if any, create perverse incentives for unreasonably punitive fines and penalties on private parties; * Economic conditions merit a downsizing of the regulatory body with resulting reduction of financial compliance costs; * A particular regulated industry is regulated in an outmoded form of regulation that is no longer advisable; * Currently regulated industries are regulated by other means; * Continued regulation of the regulated industry is justified; * The current system regulates fewer businesses than it did in a previous state fiscal year; and * Compliance costs could be reduced or eliminated at no risk to the public welfare or environment and at no risk of creating or protecting a monopoly. The COLS task force must report to the committee on legal services by January 1, 2013, and the committee on legal services must then recommend to the general assembly such legislation regarding the findings and recommendations of the COLS task force as may be necessary. The bill also addresses the	03/09/2012 Senate Committee on Appropriations Postpone Indefinitely
SB12-013		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING LOW-SPEED ELECTRIC VEHICLES.	SCHWARTZ / JONES	Transportation Legislation Review Committee. The bill allows operation of low-speed electric vehicles on roadways at speeds up to 40 miles per hour.	05/03/2012 Governor Action - Signed
SB12-014		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE CONFORMITY OF THE SCHEDULE FOR DISCLOSURE OF CAMPAIGN FINANCE INFORMATION WITH THE DATE OF THE PRIMARY ELECTION.	BACON / LEVY	In conformity with the 2011 change of the primary election date from August to the last Tuesday in June, the schedule under the "Fair Campaign Practices Act" for making campaign finance disclosures in connection with the primary election is changed to the second Monday in HO US E 3r d R ead i ng U n am en d e d J a nua r y 30, 2012 HO US E 2 nd R ead i ng U n am en d e d J a nua r y 27, 2012 SE N A T E 3r d R ead i ng U n am en d e d J a nua r y 25, 2012 SE N A T E 2 nd R ead i ng U n am en d e d J a nua r y 24, 2012 May and on specified Mondays thereafter until the primary election.	01/30/2012 Governor Action - Signed
SB12-015	Support	NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING CREATING AN OPTIONAL CATEGORY OF TUITION AT STATE INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER	GIRON	Unless the governing board of an institution of higher education (institution) adopts a policy stating that it will not offer standard-rate tuition, the bill requires an institution of higher	04/25/2012 House Committee on Finance Postpone Indefinitely
SB12-028		Tuesday, May 8 2012 GENERAL ORDERS -- SECOND	CONCERNING AGGRAVATED JUVENILE OFFENDERS ADJUDICATED FOR MURDER.	GRANTHAM	When a juvenile is adjudicated a delinquent for either murder in the first or second degree and adjudicated an aggravated juvenile offender, the court may sentence the juvenile	05/04/2012 House Committee on Appropriations Refer Amended to House
SB12-034		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING REPEAL OF THE RAPID SCREEN PROGRAM TO IDENTIFY HIGH-EMITTING MOTOR VEHICLES.	KING S. / GARDNER D.	Legislative Audit Committee. The bill repeals the rapid screen program for identifying high-emitting motor vehicles.	04/13/2012 Governor Action - Signed
SB12-038		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING MEASURES TO PROTECT CONSUMERS WHO ENGAGE A ROOFING CONTRACTOR TO PERFORM ROOFING SERVICES ON RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY.	TOCHTROP / VAAD	The bill requires residential roofing contractors to sign a written contract with customers that details the following: * The scope of roofing services and materials to be provided; * The approximate dates of service; * The costs of the services; * The roofing contractor's contact information; * Identification of the roofing contractor's surety and liability coverage insurer and their contact information, if applicable; * The roofing contractor's policy regarding cancellation of the contract and refund of any	05/01/2012 House Third Reading Passed
SB12-048		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE CREATION OF THE "COLORADO COTTAGE FOODS ACT" FOR LOCALLY PRODUCED HOME FOODS SOLD DIRECTLY TO CONSUMERS.	SCHWARTZ / CORAM	The bill creates the "Colorado Cottage Foods Act", exempting small producers from the licensing requirements placed on retail food establishments and requiring producers to be certified in safe food handling and processing. The bill limits the liability of food banks that distribute food produced pursuant to the "Colorado Cottage Foods Act". The bill also limits the liability of schools and nonprofit organizations when their kitchens are used by producers to	03/15/2012 Governor Action - Signed

SB12-049		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY REQUIREMENTS FOR MOTOR CARRIERS, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, REDUCING THE SURETY BOND REQUIREMENT FOR TOWING CARRIERS AND LIMITING ITS APPLICABILITY TO COUNTIES OF RELATIVELY HIGH POPULATION DENSITY.	ROBERTS / CORAM	The bill amends the requirement for a \$50,000 surety bond that was added to the statutes governing towing carriers in 2011 by: * Reducing the amount to \$10,000; and * Exempting carriers in counties with less than 200 persons per square mile from the bond requirement.	02/21/2012 Senate Committee on Transportation Postpone Indefinitely
SB12-050		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE ELIMINATION OF THE USE OF AUTOMATED VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION SYSTEMS FOR TRAFFIC LAW ENFORCEMENT.	RENFROE / BAUMGARDNER	The bill repeals the authorization for municipalities to use automated vehicle identification systems to identify violators of traffic regulations and issue citations based on photographic evidence, and creates a prohibition on such activity.	02/21/2012 Senate Committee on Transportation Postpone Indefinitely
SB12-052		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING A PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTION FOR BUSINESS PERSONAL PROPERTY.	SCHEFFEL / PRIOLA	Under current law, the amount of the exemption from property tax for business personal property listed on a single personal property schedule is \$5,500 for the current property tax year cycle, \$7,000 for the next property tax year cycle, and an inflation-adjusted amount for each property tax year cycle thereafter. The bill increases the exemption to \$14,000 for the next property tax year cycle, which in turn increases the future inflation-adjusted amount of the exemption. For a period of 10 years, the bill also exempts a portion of the business personal property of a state-assessed public utility through the creation of a valuation cap. The valuation cap is based on the actual value of the public utility's operating property and plant for the 2011 property tax year, or a later property tax year in the case of a new public utility, with an incremental increase each year thereafter during the 10-year period. The value of property above the cap is deemed to be attributable to business personal property, unless the property tax administrator determines otherwise.	02/16/2012 Senate Committee on Finance Postpone Indefinitely
SB12-062		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING VOTING BY MILITARY PERSONNEL.	WILLIAMS S. / LOOPER	Currently, the internet-based voting pilot program fund consists of only gifts, grants, and donations, and the pilot program cannot be implemented until enough gifts, grants, and donations are received to cover the costs of the pilot program. The bill directs the state treasurer to transfer \$100,000 from the department of state cash fund to the internet-based voting pilot program fund so that the secretary of state may begin implementing the pilot program. Additionally, the bill allows a uniformed services elector to verbally provide a commissioned officer with the information necessary for the officer to request a mail-in ballot	04/12/2012 Governor Action - Signed

SB12-063		NOT ON CALENDAR	<p>CONCERNING THE ALLOCATION OF CERTAIN SEVERANCE TAX REVENUES TO INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION LOCATED IN RURAL REGIONS IMPACTED BY THE DEVELOPMENT OF MINERALS SUBJECT TO TAXATION.</p>	BROPHY	<p>The bill establishes a \$100 million cap, as adjusted annually for inflation, on the current allocation of severance tax revenue. Any revenue received above the \$100 million cap, as adjusted annually for inflation, is first made available to any political subdivisions socially or economically impacted by the development, processing, or energy conversion of minerals and mineral fuels subject to taxation, but only for a serious need. Such political subdivision must make a grant request at a joint committee hearing of the house local government committee and the senate local government and energy committee, or any successor committees. Whatever moneys remain after the joint committee awards grants to those particular political subdivisions is to be transferred to the rural higher education cash fund and annually appropriated to rural institutions of higher education on a proportionate basis. The bill requires that each rural institution of higher education set aside at least 50% of each annual appropriation in a separate trust account in order to build an endowment fund to be used by the rural institution of higher education.</p>	<p>02/02/2012 Senate Committee on Finance Postpone Indefinitely</p>
--------------------------	--	-----------------	--	--------	--	---

SB12-070		<p>Tuesday, May 8 2012 GENERAL ORDERS - SECOND READING OF BILLS (1) in senate calendar.</p>	<p>CONCERNING RESIDENTIAL LANDLORDS AND TENANTS, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, ENACTING THE "UNIFORM RESIDENTIAL LANDLORD AND TENANT ACT".</p>	<p>AGUILAR / WILSON</p> <p>Section 1 of the bill enacts the "Uniform Residential Landlord and Tenant Act" (Act), which includes, among other things, provisions related to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> * A statement of purpose and rules of construction; * Exclusions from the application of the Act; * An obligation of good faith; * The effect of an unsigned or undelivered rental agreement; * Prohibited provisions in rental agreements; * A landlord's obligation to make disclosures, deliver possession of a dwelling unit, and maintain a premises; * A tenant's obligation to maintain a dwelling unit, to allow a landlord access to a dwelling unit, and to use and occupy a dwelling unit; * Rules and regulations adopted by a landlord; * A tenant's remedies for a landlord's noncompliance with his or her obligations; * A landlord's remedies for a tenant's noncompliance with his or her obligations; * A prohibition on retaliatory conduct; and * The repeal of existing inconsistent law relating to landlord and tenant relations. The Act does not include a provision related to security deposits that was approved by the national conference of commissioners on uniform state laws. Section 2 of the bill requires the official comments of the national conference of commissioners on uniform state laws to be published along with the Act as nonstatutory matter. Sections 3 and 4 of the bill confer authority on a county court and a small claims court, respectively, to grant injunctive relief as permitted under the Act. Section 5 of the bill modifies the current deadlines for giving notice to quit a tenancy in order to be consistent with the deadlines in the Act. Section 6 of the bill modifies the existing security deposit law by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Eliminating the requirement that a tenant must give notice to a landlord of his intention to file legal proceedings a minimum of 7 days prior to filing said action; * Limiting the total security deposit that a landlord demand or receive security to one month periodic rent; and * Requiring a landlord in all instances to return a security deposit to a tenant within one month after the termination of a lease or surrender and acceptance of the premises, whichever occurs last, by eliminating the ability of the parties to specify in the lease agreement a longer period of time, up to 60 days. The first 2 changes related to the security deposit law are included in the Act approved by the national conference of commissioners on uniform state laws. 	<p>03/12/2012 Senate Second Reading Laid Over Daily</p>
--------------------------	--	--	---	---	--



SB12-071		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING A REQUIREMENT TO PURSUE AVAILABLE LOAN MODIFICATION REMEDIES BEFORE FORECLOSING ON RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY.	GIRON / DURAN	<p>The bill requires the holder of an evidence of debt (typically a mortgage lender), before initiating or completing the process of foreclosing on residential real property containing 4 or fewer dwelling units, to make and fully document its efforts to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">* Contact the borrower directly;* Negotiate in good faith with the borrower in an effort to effectuate a cure for default rather than move directly into the foreclosure process;* Fully assess the eligibility of the borrower, the property, and the loan for any available public or private loan modification programs or other alternatives to foreclosure;* Communicate with, and inform, the borrower about impending deadlines and the consequences of missing them at every major step of the foreclosure process;* Carry the burden of proof in court proceedings regarding the holder's compliance with procedural as well as substantive requirements before obtaining an order authorizing sale of the property under rule 120 in the Colorado rules of civil procedure; and* Abide by the terms of any offer of modification it makes, if the borrower signs and returns documents containing those terms.	05/04/2012 Senate Committee on Judiciary Refer Amended to Appropriations
--------------------------	--	-----------------	--	---------------	--	--

SB12-073		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING ADDING CONSIDERATION OF LEGISLATIVE INTENT TO THE STANDARDS FOR RULES OF EXECUTIVE BRANCH AGENCIES.	CADMAN	An executive branch agency is prohibited from adopting a rule pursuant to the "State Administrative Procedure Act" unless the agency finds that the rule is consistent with the clear legislative intent of the general assembly as supported by the public record of committee hearings and floor debates, including any public statements made by the principal sponsors or proponents of the bill or an amendment to the bill before its adoption. The bill adds another ground for the committee on legal services and its staff, the office of legislative legal services, to use when it reviews rules adopted by executive branch agencies: A rule shall not extend in scope or impact beyond the clear legislative intent of the general assembly as supported by the public record of committee hearings and floor debates, including any public statements made by the principal sponsors or proponents of the bill or an amendment to the bill before its adoption. The bill applies to the rules of executive branch agencies adopted on or after the effective date of this act.	02/01/2012 Senate Committee on Judiciary Postpone Indefinitely
SB12-077		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE REPEAL OF LAWS UNDER WHICH THE COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT REGULATES CERTAIN ACTIVITIES ASSOCIATED WITH YELLOW GREASE.	JAHN / SONNENBERG	House Bill 10-1125 authorized the Colorado department of public health and environment to regulate certain persons, facilities, and vehicles engaged in the collection, transportation, storage, processing, or disposal of trap grease and yellow grease. The bill repeals the statutory provisions pertaining to yellow grease.	04/06/2012 Governor Action - Signed
SB12-078		Tuesday, May 8 2012 THIRD READING OF BILLS - FINAL PASSAGE (3) in house calendar.	CONCERNING PROTECTIONS FOR AT-RISK ADULTS.	HUDAK / SCHAFFER S.	The bill amends statutory provisions concerning the mistreatment, self-neglect, and exploitation of at-risk adults. Each county department shall require each prospective employee who, during the course of his or her employment, will have direct contact with any actual or potential at-risk adult, to complete a fingerprint-based criminal history records check utilizing the records of the Colorado bureau of investigation. The at-risk adults protection services task	05/08/2012 House Third Reading Passed
SB12-080		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING NOTICES OF REPORTED BUSINESS FISCAL IMPACTS.	MITCHELL	The bill requires the staff of the legislative council to designate a 5-day period following the introduction of new legislation or the notice of proposed rule-making during which Colorado businesses may submit comments regarding the business fiscal impact of the new legislation or rule. Upon the expiration of the period, the staff of the legislative council is required to prepare a notice of reported business fiscal impact (notice) setting forth the range of fiscal impacts contained in the comments. For legislation, the notice will accompany the fiscal note. For rules, the notice will be forwarded to the executive director of the principal department seeking to promulgate the rule and posted on the staff of the legislative council's official web site.	02/13/2012 Senate Committee on State, Veterans & Military Affairs Postpone Indefinitely
SB12-081	Oppose	NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING A PROHIBITION ON A LOCAL GOVERNMENT REQUIRING THE INSTALLATION OF SPRINKLERS IN A SINGLE-FAMILY DWELLING.	GRANTHAM	The bill prohibits a county or municipality from requiring sprinklers to be installed in single-family dwellings.	02/16/2012 Senate Committee on Local Government Postpone Indefinitely

SB12-086		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING A STUDY OF THE COST OF REGULATORY COMPLIANCE FOR BUSINESSES IN COLORADO.	CADMAN	This bill creates a legislatively appointed task force to study the cost of regulatory compliance for businesses in Colorado subject to Colorado's regulatory system. The task force consists of 9 members: 2 of the members are appointed by the president of the senate; 2 by the minority leader of the senate; 2 by the speaker of the house of representatives; and 2 by the minority leader of the house of representatives, respectively. The president of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives jointly appoint one member of the task force. The bill establishes the qualifications required for each of the members of the task force. The duration of the task force is 180 days. The bill amends the definition of "food" used in state sales tax laws to ensure that the treatment for sales tax purposes of a food product sold for domestic home consumption by a	05/04/2012 House Committee on Legislative Council Refer Unamended to Appropriations
SB12-094		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING CLARIFICATION OF THE DEFINITION OF FOOD USED IN STATE SALES TAX LAWS TO	HODGE / SZABO		03/09/2012 Governor Action - Signed
SB12-096		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE CONTINUATION OF THE OFFICE OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY'S AUTHORITY TO AMEND EXISTING CONTRACTS FOR INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES.	LAMBERT / LEVY	Until June 30, 2012, the office of information technology is authorized to negotiate amendments to existing contracts entered into by any state agency for information technology resources. Contract amendments may include expanding the scope of the contract to include additional state agencies, extending the term of the contract, and improving cyber security. The bill continues the office's authority to amend these types of contracts for 2 more years.	03/24/2012 Governor Action - Signed
SB12-097		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING A SIMPLIFIED PROCEDURE FOR THE ADJUDICATION OF CERTAIN CHANGES OF THE POINTS OF DIVERSION OF WATER RIGHTS.	HODGE	Under current law, all changes of water rights, including changes in the point of diversion, must be adjudicated. The bill creates a simplified procedure for the adjudication of a simple change in a surface point of diversion, which is defined as a change in the point of diversion from a decreed surface diversion point that is not combined with and does not include any other type of change of water right and for which there is no intervening surface diversion	03/22/2012 Governor Action - Signed
SB12-101		Tuesday, May 8 2012 GENERAL ORDERS -- SECOND READING OF BILLS (11) in house calendar.	CONCERNING THE AUTHORITY OF A LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT.	NICHOLSON / BRADFORD	The bill modifies certain provisions of the law governing county and city and county local improvement districts (districts) to make the provisions consistent with the law governing improvement districts. Section 1 of the bill allows a district in which a sales tax is levied to include noncontiguous areas. Section 2 allows a district to use sales tax revenues for the organization, promotion, marketing, and management of public events. It further specifies	05/04/2012 House Committee on Appropriations Refer Unamended to House Committee of the Whole
SB12-105		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING PROVISIONS THAT IMPROVE THE REINTEGRATION OPPORTUNITIES FOR PERSONS INVOLVED IN THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM.	STEADMAN / LEVY	The court, at a defendant's first appearance and at sentencing, shall inform the defendant in writing about the potential collateral consequences of a conviction. At sentencing, the court may issue an order of collateral relief that relieves specific collateral consequences if the defendant is sentenced to probation or a community corrections program. A court may issue a certificate of rehabilitation to a person with a criminal record that relieves collateral	05/07/2012 Introduced In House - Assigned to State, Veterans, & Military Affairs
SB12-107		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING ADDITIONAL PROTECTIONS FOR WATER RELATING TO HYDRAULIC FRACTURING.	CARROLL / WILSON	The bill enacts the "Water Rights Protection Act", under which the Colorado oil and gas conservation commission (commission) must establish rules for: * Hydraulic fracturing near radioactive materials and sites listed on the national priority list pursuant to the federal "superfund" law; and * The shut-down of hydraulic fracturing operations when monitoring equipment detects a pressure drop. Oil and gas operators must submit water quantity reports showing projected and actual sources and amounts of water needed for hydraulically fracturing a well. Operators must also submit pre- and post-fracturing water quality reports for all active water wells located within .5 mile of oil and gas wells that will be or have been hydraulically fractured. This information will be posted on the commission's web site. Operators cannot inject into the ground any chemical compound that would cause cancer. In addition to existing financial assurances, each operator that engages in a high-risk hydraulic fracturing treatment must take out an environmental bond that would be forfeited if the operator's operations cause any	05/02/2012 Senate Committee on Judiciary Refer Amended to Appropriations

SB12-120		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE EXISTING ABILITY OF QUALIFIED INTERIOR DESIGNERS TO SUBMIT CERTAIN INTERIOR DESIGN CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS IN CONNECTION WITH AN APPLICATION FOR A BUILDING PERMIT.	FOSTER / MASSEY	In connection with the filing of documentation submitted for the purpose of obtaining approval for a building permit issued by a county or municipality (local government), the bill restates existing statutory requirements under which county and municipal building departments are required to review interior design construction documents and specifications submitted by an interior designer who meets certain qualifications. A local government may adopt requirements in its building code or otherwise that are more strict than the requirements specified in the bill. The bill does not limit, restrict, prevent, or otherwise affect: * Any person from using the title "interior design" or "interior designer"; * Any of the legal rights or exemptions enjoyed by a person who is a licensed professional under statutory provisions governing architects; * A person who is able to submit interior design construction documents and specifications as of the effective date of the bill from continuing to submit such documents in the same manner as after such date and	04/18/2012 House Committee on Local Government Postpone Indefinitely
SB12-122		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING AVOIDING POTENTIAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST IN THE PROVISION OF SERVICES TO A PERSON ON PROBATION.	WILLIAMS S. / DELGROSSO	The bill clarifies that an entity that provides probation or case management oversight services to a defendant cannot also provide offender treatment, chemical dependency education and treatment, or domestic violence or mental health services to the same defendant or hold a financial interest in an entity that provides such education or treatment services to the same defendant.	03/20/2012 House Committee on Economic and Business Development Postpone Indefinitely
SB12-124		Tuesday, May 8 2012 CONSIDERATION OF	CONCERNING THE ELIMINATION OF THE LIMIT ON THE NUMBER OF REGIONAL TOURISM PROJECTS	HARVEY	Current law limits the number of regional tourism projects that the Colorado economic	05/04/2012 Governor Action - Vetoed
SB12-129		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING ACCESS TO AFFORDABLE BROADBAND INTERNET CONNECTIVITY IN NONCOMPETITIVE RURAL AREAS.	SCHWARTZ / CORAM	The bill creates definitions of "broadband" and "broadband access". It also requires the public utilities commission, in collaboration with the office of information technology and other broadband providers, to make recommendations regarding a strategy to connect more Coloradans in noncompetitive unserved and underserved markets to broadband. The commission and the office of information technology, using existing office broadband data and mapping, must identify noncompetitive unserved and underserved areas of the state no later than January 1, 2013.	05/07/2012 House Committee on Agriculture, Livestock, & Natural Resources Refer Unamended to House Committee of the Whole
SB12-132		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING TIMELY ISSUANCE OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL PERMITS.	GRANTHAM / BECKER	Section 1 of the bill requires air quality permits to be issued within 12 months after receipt of a complete permit application. Section 2 requires the same of water quality permits.	05/07/2012 House Committee on Agriculture, Livestock, & Natural Resources Postpone Indefinitely
SB12-133		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE DIVERSION OF ELECTRONIC DEVICES FROM LANDFILLS.	SCHWARTZ	The bill prohibits the disposal of certain consumer electronic devices in landfills, effective by a date established by the solid and hazardous waste commission. Disposal in landfills located in communities that are not well-served by electronic device recycling facilities may be exempted from the ban. Beginning July 1, 2013, state agencies must arrange for the recycling of such devices with a certified recycler. The department of public health and environment must	04/20/2012 Governor Action - Signed
SB12-134		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE IN COLORADO HOSPITALS.	AGUILAR	The bill requires each hospital to make available to patients, and to communicate to each patient, information about the hospital's charity program and discount program in a clear and understandable manner and in languages appropriate to its communities. The bill also requires hospitals to offer a discount to each qualified patient. A qualified patient is defined as an uninsured patient who has a family income of not more than 400% of the federal poverty	05/07/2012 Governor Action - Signed

SB12-135		Tuesday, May 8 2012 THIRD READING OF BILLS - FINAL PASSAGE (1) in senate calendar.	CONCERNING THE DEVELOPMENT OF AN ON-LINE PROGRAM TO WHICH THE SECRETARY OF STATE POSTS ELECTION RETURNS BY THE EVENINGS OF SPECIFIED ELECTION DAYS, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, MAKING AN APPROPRIATION.	LUNDBERG / MURRAY	The bill directs the secretary of state to develop an on-line program for the posting of election returns on election night. Such postings are required for all statewide elections, commencing with the 2012 primary election. To implement the program, upon passage of the bill, \$776,460 is appropriated to the department of state from the department of state cash fund.	05/07/2012 Senate Third Reading Laid Over Daily
SB12-139		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE "COLORADO JOB SUPPORT ACT".	BOYD	Currently, under the Colorado works program, the state board of human services defines "work activities" by rule. The bill expands the description of work activities to include financial education classes, participation in microenterprise training and self-employment, and time spent on agency appointments as well as travel to and from those appointments. When a person first applies for benefits under the Colorado works program, current law directs the county department of social services (county department) to conduct an assessment of the person's needs and abilities. The bill directs the county departments as part of the assessment to determine the person's employability and eligibility for benefits under social security programs. It encourages the county departments to collaborate with others in completing the assessment. Following the assessment, an individual responsibility contract (IRC) is developed. The bill specifies that the person is to take the lead in developing goals for the IRC. If the case manager does not include the person's goals in the IRC, the case manager must provide a	05/02/2012 House Committee on State, Veterans, & Military Affairs Postpone Indefinitely
SB12-143		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE DEVELOPMENT OF A LOCAL BUSINESSES DATABASE BY THE COLORADO OFFICE OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.	CARROLL / PABON	The bill directs the Colorado office of economic development (office) to create, by 2014, an electronic database of local businesses in Colorado. Such businesses are included in the database upon a business submitting certain information about the business, certifying that the business is a local business, and filing a fee with the office. A person may access the database free of charge.	03/28/2012 House Committee on State, Veterans, & Military Affairs Postpone Indefinitely
SB12-144		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING EFFORTS BY THE COLORADO OFFICE OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT TO GROW THE STATE'S KEY INDUSTRIES.	HEATH / SUMMERS	The bill directs the Colorado office of economic development (office) to develop a strategy to grow key industries located in the state. In creating the strategy, the office will facilitate the creation of, and collaborate with, a key industry network working group (working group), comprised of various stakeholders, for each of Colorado's key industries. A working group is tasked with developing and implementing a 3-year business plan to grow its key industry, which business plan will be incorporated into the office's key industries strategy. The office must annually report its progress to the general assembly.	05/04/2012 House Committee on Appropriations Postpone Indefinitely
SB12-146		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING LIMITATIONS ON THE ACCEPTANCE OF CERTAIN BENEFITS BY SPECIFIED GOVERNMENTAL ACTORS WHO ARE IN A POSITION TO REWARD PERSONS OFFERING SUCH BENEFITS	HODGE / PENISTON	Section 1 of the bill amends the statutory rules of conduct for all public officers, members of the general assembly, local government officials, and employees (covered individual) to include, as an economic benefit tantamount to a gift of substantial value, used in the determination of whether a covered individual has accepted an unethical gift:	04/12/2012 Governor Action - Signed

SB12-149		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE CIRCUMSTANCES IN WHICH THE BOARD OF A DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN OR SYSTEM CREATED BY A LOCAL GOVERNMENT MAY MODIFY RETIREMENT BENEFIT PROVISIONS OF THE PLAN OR SYSTEM.	STEADMAN / PRIOLA	The bill allows the board of a defined benefit plan or system created by a local government to modify the benefits and the age and service requirements for any such plan or system when the board determines the modification is required to ensure the sustainability of the plan or system. Any modifications to the benefits and age and service requirements shall not adversely affect vested benefits already accrued by members of such defined benefit plans or systems, including, but not limited to, members who are retired or eligible to retire as of the effective date of the modifications, unless otherwise permitted under or required by Colorado or federal law. Boards of defined benefit plans or systems may provide written notice to each member, inactive member, and beneficiary that the possibility of a reduction of benefits to ensure the sustainability of the plan or system could occur in the future.	04/30/2012 Senate Considered House Amendments - Result was to Concur - Repass
SB12-151		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE AUTHORITY OF THE PARKS AND WILDLIFE BOARD TO SET FEES FOR THE USE OF PARK AND OUTDOOR RECREATION FACILITIES AND PROGRAMS.	TOCHTROP	The bill makes permanent the authority of the parks and wildlife board to set fees for the use of parks and outdoor recreation facilities and programs.	05/07/2012 Senate Committee on Agriculture, Natural Resources, and Energy Postpone Indefinitely
SB12-153		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE CREATION OF THE "SUNSHINE IN LITIGATION ACT".	MORSE	The bill creates a rebuttable presumption that information concerning a public hazard (information) must be disclosed in a court action. A party objecting to the disclosure can seek a protective order to limit disclosure if the court finds, by clear and convincing evidence, that certain factors have been met, including that the information is not relevant to the public hazard and is not useful to members of the public in protecting themselves from injury resulting from the public hazard.	04/09/2012 Senate Committee on Judiciary Postpone Indefinitely
SB12-155		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING PROCEDURES TO PROTECT	HEATH / COURT	The bill prohibits the designated election official (official) from fulfilling a request under the	05/07/2012 Introduced in House -

			TRANSPARENCY IN ELECTIONS WHILE PRESERVING THE INTEGRITY OF BALLOTS IN CONNECTION WITH A REQUEST FOR PUBLIC INSPECTION OF BALLOTS UNDER THE "COLORADO OPEN RECORDS ACT".		"Colorado Open Records Act" (CORA) for the public inspection of either ballots or ballot images arising out of any election in the state during the period commencing with the 45th day preceding election day and concluding with the date by which the official is required to certify an official abstract of votes cast for the applicable candidate contest or ballot issue or ballot question. The stay required by the bill does not apply to a recount undertaken as provided by law. As with other public records open for inspection by the public under CORA, an interested party may inspect ballots in connection with the recount without having to obtain a court order granting such inspection. In connection with the public inspection of ballots that an interested party is authorized to undertake in connection with a recount, the bill permits an interested party to witness the handling of ballots involved in the recount to verify that the recount is being conducted in a fair, impartial, and uniform manner so as to determine that all ballots that have been cast are accurately interpreted and counted but prohibits the interested party from handling the original ballots. Prior to and later than the stay period required by the bill, election records and ballots are required to be made available for inspection by the public in accordance with the following requirements: * The original election records or ballots are required to remain in the custody of the official or his or her designee. In the discretion of the official or his or her designee, and subject to the requirements of the bill and existing CORA requirements, the official or his or her designee is obligated to determine the manner in which such records or ballots may be viewed by the public. * The designated election official or his or her designee is required to cover or redact, based upon the most practical means available, any markings or message on a ballot that may identify the particular elector who cast the ballot before the ballot may be made available for	Assigned to State, Veterans, & Military Affairs
SB12-157		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE REGULATION OF TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICE, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, ENACTING THE "TELECOMMUNICATIONS MODERNIZATION ACT OF 2012".	SCHEFFEL / WILLIAMS A.	In 1987, article 15 of title 40, Colorado Revised Statutes, governing intrastate telecommunications services, was repealed and reenacted. Since then, the statutes have been amended to accommodate technological changes and increased competition in many segments of the communications industry but, for the most part, retain the regulatory structure that developed in an era of traditional voice-centric wireline service. The bill makes substantial revisions to article 15 to reflect current conditions and in anticipation of future evolution of the market, including: * Directing the Colorado public utilities commission to eliminate price controls for all retail services except basic local exchange service provided to residential customers and emergency service, and to periodically reexamine whether competition has advanced sufficiently in particular geographic areas so that price controls on these services may also be eliminated; * Requiring local exchange carriers to adjust their rates for switched access service over a period of time until their intrastate rates match their interstate rates on file with the federal communications commission; and * Beginning the process of reducing and eventually eliminating the state's high cost support mechanism (HCSM), which subsidized the construction of land lines and other infrastructure when those methods were the only methods available to bring telecommunications services to rural areas of the state. The bill directs part of the revenue freed up by reductions in the HCSM to a broadband capital investment fund administered by the office of information technology.	05/04/2012 Senate Committee on Appropriations Postpone Indefinitely

SB12-158		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE CONSOLIDATION OF TWO PUBLIC HOUSING AGENCIES WITHIN THE DIVISION OF HOUSING IN THE DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL AFFAIRS.	BOYD / BRADFORD	The division of housing in the department of local affairs (DOLA) is a public housing agency that provides financial and other assistance to individuals in low- and moderate-income households. The division also administers various state housing programs and the supportive housing program, a public housing agency that provides financial and other assistance to persons with disabilities. The bill provides for consolidation of the 2 public housing agencies in such a manner that the division of housing in DOLA will be the only public housing agency and serve as the sole state agency for the purpose of administering and distributing financial housing assistance to persons in low- and moderate-income households and to persons with disabilities. The homeless prevention activities program is currently administered by a nongovernmental agency selected by the executive director of the department of human services. The bill would require the division of housing in DOLA to administer the program.	05/03/2012 Governor Action - Signed
SB12-162		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING VERIFICATION OF REMEDIATION PERFORMED ON PROPERTY CONTAMINATED BY AN ILLEGAL DRUG LABORATORY.	TOCHTROP	Section 4 of the bill creates a verification process for remediation of properties contaminated by illegal drug laboratories. A local governing body: * Reviews documentation of a property owner's remediation; * Retests a property to confirm that the property owner's remediation complied with the clean-up standards established by the state board of health; * Issues a certificate of compliance to a property owner whose remediation meets the clean-up standards; and * Files an action to abate a public nuisance against a property that the property owner fails to remediate upon receiving notice that prior remediation efforts did not meet the clean-up standards. Section 2 of the bill imposes a surcharge on persons convicted of methamphetamine-related offenses to fund implementation of the verification process. Section 5 creates the methamphetamine laboratory clean-up cash fund.	05/07/2012 House Committee on Judiciary Postpone Indefinitely
SB12-163		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING CHANGES TO IMPROVE OUTCOMES FOR PERSONS CONVICTED OF POSSESSION OF CERTAIN CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES CRIMES, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, ESTABLISHING A MISDEMEANOR PENALTY FOR POSSESSION OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES, REQUIRING A POST-ENACTMENT REVIEW OF THE IMPLEMENTATION	MITCHELL / BEEZLEY	The bill reduces the penalty for possession of 4 grams or less of certain drugs from a class 6 felony to a class 1 misdemeanor and reduces the penalty for possession of more than 4 grams of those certain drugs from a class 4 felony to a class 6 felony. The bill appropriates the savings from the reduction in the criminal penalties to substance abuse treatment programs. The department of human services will develop a trauma-informed substance abuse treatment and best practices training program. The bill requires a post-enactment review after two years that addresses the impact of the bill on jails and the amount of funding for jail-based	05/07/2012 House Committee on Judiciary Refer Unamended to House Committee of the Whole

SB12-165		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE FUNDING OF COLORADO WATER CONSERVATION BOARD PROJECTS, AND MAKING APPROPRIATIONS IN CONNECTION THEREWITH.	SCHWARTZ / BAUMGARDNER	The bill appropriates the following amounts from the Colorado water conservation board construction fund for the following projects: * \$300,000 for continuation of the satellite monitoring system maintenance; * \$175,000 for continuation of the weather modification program; * \$500,000 for continuation of the Colorado floodplain map modernization program; * \$500,000 for continuation of the watershed restoration program; * \$300,000 to restore the flood response fund balance; * \$1,000,000 for continuation of the phreatophyte control cost-sharing program; * \$2,000,000 for continuation of the Colorado river water availability study; * \$500,000 to begin implementation of the South Platte groundwater data collection and analysis project; * \$1,000,000 for continuation of the alternative agriculture water transfer sustainability grant program; * \$5,000,000 for the planning and implementation of the Rio Grande cooperative project; * \$5,000,000 for implementation of the Chatfield reservoir reallocation project; * \$12,000,000 for the third and final installment of the purchase of Colorado's allotment of Animas-La Plata project water pursuant to House Bill 10-1250, enacted in 2010; and * \$300,000 to provide legal support and funding for litigation involving protests of individual water rights that the state engineer has placed on the abandonment list. Section 6 of the bill repurposes the flood response program to include drought preparedness and response and renames the flood response fund to the flood and drought response fund. Section 14 of the bill transfers from the perpetual base account of the severance tax trust fund to the Colorado water conservation board construction fund the following: * \$30,000,000 for the Rio Grand cooperative project, including improvements associated with the Beaver Park reservoir and the Rio Grande reservoir; and * \$13,000,000 for the implementation of the Chatfield reservoir reallocation project. Section 14 of the bill also changes the water supply reserve account to the water supply reserve fund.	05/07/2012 House Committee on Agriculture, Livestock, & Natural Resources Refer Unamended to Appropriations
SB12-178		NOT ON CALENDAR	CONCERNING THE REMOVAL OF ENHANCED CREDITS FOR PURCHASE OF IN-STATE ELIGIBLE ENERGY RESOURCES FROM THE RENEWABLE ENERGY STANDARD.	GIRON / SWERDFEGER	The bill removes from the renewable energy standard in-state preferences with respect to: * Wholesale distributed generation; * The one and one-quarter kilowatt-hour multiplier for each kilowatt-hour of electricity generated from eligible energy resources other than retail distributed generation; * The one and one-half kilowatt-hour multiplier for community-based projects; and * Policies to provide incentives to qualifying retail utilities to invest in eligible energy resources.	05/04/2012 Senate Second Reading Laid Over to 05/15/2012
SCR12-002		NOT ON CALENDAR		WILLIAMS S. & ... / RAMIREZ & ...	*** No bill summary available ***	04/16/2012 Senate Committee on State, Veterans & Military Affairs Reconsider
SCR12-003		NOT ON CALENDAR		LUNDBERG	*** No bill summary available ***	04/30/2012 Senate Committee on State, Veterans & Military Affairs Postpone Indefinitely

SJR12-002		NOT ON CALENDAR		ROBERTS / WILSON	*** No bill summary available ***	02/08/2012:22 PM 04:20 Signed by the Speaker of the House
SJR12-003		NOT ON CALENDAR		SCHWARTZ / SONNENBERG	*** No bill summary available ***	03/09/2012 Governor Action - Signed